

DEFENCE STATEMENT

(Criminal Procedure and Investigations Act 1996, section 5 & 6; Criminal Procedure and Investigations Act 1996 (Defence Disclosure Time Limits) Regulations 2011; Criminal Procedure Rules, rule 15.4)

Case details

Name of defendant: +

Court: +

Case reference number: +

Charge(s): +

When to use this form

If you are a defendant pleading not guilty:

- a) in a Crown Court case, you must give the information listed in Part 2 of this form;
- b) in a magistrates' court case, you may give that information, but you do not have to do so.

The time limit for giving the information is:

14 days (in a magistrates' court case)

28 days (in a Crown Court case)

after initial prosecution disclosure (or notice from the prosecutor that there is no material to disclose).

How to use this form

1. Complete the case details box above, and Part 1 below.
2. Attach as many sheets as you need to give the information listed in Part 2.
3. Sign and date the completed form.
4. Send a copy of the completed form to:
 - (a) the court, and
 - (b) the prosecutor**before the time limit expires.**

If you need more time, you **must** apply to the court **before** the time limit expires. You should apply in writing, but no special form is needed.

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Part 1: Plea

I confirm that I intend to plead not guilty to [all the charges] [the following charges] against me:

Part 2: Nature of the defence

Attach as many sheets as you need to give the information required.

Under section 6A of the Criminal Procedure and Investigations Act 1996, you must:

- a)** set out the nature of your defence, including any particular defences on which you intend to rely;
- b)** indicate the matters of fact on which you take issue with the prosecutor, and in respect of each explain why;
- c)** set out particulars of the matters of fact on which you intend to rely for the purposes of your defence;
- d)** indicate any point of law that you wish to take, including any point about the admissibility of evidence or about abuse of process, and any authority relied on; and
- e)** if your defence statement includes an alibi (i.e. an assertion that you were in a place, at a time, inconsistent with you having committed the offence), give particulars, including –
 - i.** the name, address and date of birth of any witness who you believe can give evidence in support of that alibi,
 - ii.** if you do not know all of those details, any information that might help identify or find that witness.

Signed: Defendant / defendant's solicitor

Date:

This is my first statement

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OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE [when complete]

MG11

WITNESS STATEMENT

Criminal Procedure Rules, r27. 2; Criminal Justice Act 1967, s. 9; Magistrates' Courts Act 1930, s.5B

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Statement of: Mr. Simon Paul Cordell

Age if under 18: Over (if over 18 insert 'over 18')

Occupation: News Reporter!

This statement (**Consisting of 2 Page(s)** each signed by me) is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I make it knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence, I shall be liable to prosecution if I have wilfully stated in it anything which I know to be false, or do not believe to be true.

Witness Signature:

Date: +

This statement (consisting of **[00]** page(s) each signed by me) is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I make it knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence, I shall be liable to prosecution if I have wilfully stated in it anything which I know to be false, or do not believe to be true.

Signature:

(witness) Date:

I, Mr Simon Paul Cordell, of 109 Burncroft Avenue PO BOX EN3 7JQ.

I WILL SAY AS FOLLOWS

Date of Incident: 02/07/2025

Location: Allegedly the Communal area of my flat!

Background: As detailed below!

- I am a secure tenant living on the ground floor of

Address: 109 Burncroft Avenue Enfield En3 7jq.

- **Since 2006.** One of my neighbours, **Rebecca O'Hare** who I believe is illegally subletting a council flat on the **second floor** since late **2017 or early 2018**, has made false allegations to the police claiming I harassed her. This is entirely untrue.

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- I have never knocked on her door or initiated contact. Since she moved in, she has persistently targeted me with behaviour that is malicious, distressing, and harmful. I have multiple exhibits of evidence proving she is the aggressor. These are documented on my website Horrificcorruption.com, and I am currently pursuing legal action against council and police staff who have enabled this mistreatment.
- Rebecca is aware of my documentation and uses this knowledge to try and discredit me before I release the full truth. Her actions are part of a broader attempt to suppress evidence of corruption and abuse.

Events Leading Up to the Incident

- On **28/06/2025**, I underwent hernia surgery at North Circular Private Hospital. The recovery left me bedridden, unable to bend, walk properly, or sleep comfortably. On **02/07/2025**, I contacted the hospital due to concerns about swelling and pain. They advised me to wait a few more days and monitor the symptoms.
- On **02/07/2025**, around 6pm, I became hungry and ordered approximately £45 worth of Indian food via Just Eat. I timed my exit to the communal hallway precisely when the delivery driver arrived, as I avoid lingering there due to Rebecca's history of harassment. I do not stand in my own corridor out of fear, she has banged on the kitchen wall, used her flat to negatively affect my home and belongings, and violated my right to a private life.
- While watching the delivery driver arrive, I saw Rebecca drive past in a grey **2025** car with no L plates. I had never seen her drive before and do not believe she owns the vehicle or holds a valid UK driving licence. I reported this to the police, but they showed no interest.
- I have exhibited proof with multiple other witnesses of mine who are all happy to attend court to give evidence to this effect about her. The police or council refuse to investigate or arrest Rebecca and leave her to continue her evil crimes against me. I have reported this to the council due to the safety of her looking after her own children that she gave birth to since she moved into the block of flats I rent in, and this is due to her own bad decisions.
- On this day **02/07/25** I had been in doors after my operation at North Circular Private Hospital. I had been for a hernia operation on the **28/06/2025**, this operation left me bedridden and unable to bend over and pick things up, stand up straight, lay down comfortably, walk, cough, talk, sleep, without serious pain, in fact I believed the operations had gone wrong.

Interaction with Delivery Driver

- The driver handed me the food, but the bag felt light. I ran back out and called him to return. We spoke while he tried to reach his office to resolve the missing items. During this time, I saw Rebecca enter the car park and interact with another neighbour who waved at her. That neighbour then walked past me, greeted me, and witnessed Rebecca re-enter the building and walk past me without any verbal exchange.

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- I did not speak to her or acknowledge her. I simply documented the event in my diary, as I always do. She knows I record everything, and this is why she is trying to set me up, before I release the full evidence.
- Eventually, the delivery driver confirmed the till receipt had not printed the full order. He returned with the missing items and additional food, bringing the total value to around £60. I went back inside, while still in my pyjamas, and began dishing up the food.
- The car park is **400-500 yards** away and I can't access it from my front block without taking a 3–4-minute walk. As she walked past me, she was giving me dirty looks, but I just refused to acknowledge her. Eventually, the delivery driver got through to his boss and found out that the till receipt hadn't printed the complete order. I had paid £24 and received a 20% discount, plus I had an £8 token, so I was expecting £45 worth of Indian food. I was happy, but I didn't receive it all. The driver then went back and returned with the missing items and even more, making it worth £60 in total. I finally got back inside and started to dish it up, which was about an hour and a half after I saw Rebecca last.

Police Arrival – Full Account

- Approximately 90 minutes after I had returned inside and begun eating my meal, I heard aggressive banging at my front door. Due to the force used, I approached with caution and asked who it was. A female voice—who I now know to be a police officer—shouted, **“Open the door now.”** I asked her to identify herself and explain the reason for her presence. She replied, **“It’s the police, open the door now.”**
- I stated clearly that I had done nothing wrong and asked what this was about. She claimed I had been **“Harassing My Neighbours.”** I responded with the following facts:
 - a) **“In Any Sense, This Would Be A Civil Matter.”**
 - b) **“I’ve Had No Prior Warnings From Police—If I Had, I Would Have Complied.”**
 - c) **“There Is No Risk Of Immediate Danger, Especially Given The Time That Has Passed.”**
 - d) **“I Am Not Guilty.”**
- The officer appeared agitated and instructed a male colleague to retrieve a battering ram to break down my door. As he rushed off, I tried to explain that I was behind the door and was attempting to slide my medical note under it. I had recently undergone hernia surgery and was still in pyjamas, unable to move quickly.
- I held the medical note in my hand and pleaded with them not to break the door, explaining the risks involved. Despite this, the male officer smashed the door open with the ram, striking me in the head. I stumbled back but managed to stay upright, still holding the medical note in both hands, raised in the air.
- Seeing me unarmed and in clear distress, the male officer threw the ram to the floor, then abruptly pulled out his stun gun and aimed it directly at my face. I saw the red targeting light in my line of

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sight and feared for my life. I pleaded with him to calm down, saying:

- a) **“I’ve Done Nothing Wrong.”**
- b) **“Your Body Cam Better Be On.”**
- c) **“I Have A Medical Note In My Hands, Not A Weapon.”**
- d) **“Please Call An Ambulance—You’re Hurting Me.”**

- Instead of de-escalating, it seemed as if he discharged the stun gun in all his rage and then used it as a blunt weapon, striking me across the head. His female colleague, who had initiated the entire incident, assisted him and ignored my screams of pain and concern. She grabbed the medical note from my hand, threw it to the floor, and shouted, **“You’re Not Getting An Ambulance,”** as I pleaded for one.
- She then wrapped restraints around my legs, causing severe pain to my stitches and surgical site. Together, they threw me to the floor like a rag doll, showing no regard for my head or the risk of further injury. At one point, the male officer deliberately punched me in the stomach, directly where I had been operated on, causing me to scream in agony and again beg for an ambulance. They refused repeatedly.
- Eventually, other officers arrived and entered my flat. They witnessed the assault firsthand, with their own eyes and body cameras. They heard me pleading for medical help and saw the brutality. These new officers intervened, told the original two to leave my flat, and took over.
- They treated me like a human being, listened to my requests, and agreed to remove the leg restraints. They allowed me to secure my flat and walked me outside. I believed I was being taken to an ambulance but instead, they said no ambulance was coming and that I was going in a police van.
- I sat down outside the flats, knowing their actions would worsen my medical condition. Neighbours began to gather, including the gentleman who had waved earlier. I pleaded with the female officer to reconsider and release me, but she refused and repeated, **“You’re Not Getting An Ambulance.”**
- Multiple neighbours offered to make statements, saying I had done nothing wrong and that Rebecca was the one causing problem. They told police they were lying and insisted an ambulance had been called and would arrive in five minutes. The police, realizing they were in trouble, had no choice but to wait.
- I explained again that this was a civil matter. I had not left the flats, and there was no immediate danger. The proper course of action would have been to give Rebecca a diary, advise her to contact the council, and issue me a warning. If I breached it, then arrest me. But none of that happened.
- Instead, I was arrested for **Harassment Under The 1997 Act**. I shocked the officer by quoting the Act and its requirements, which were clearly not met.

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Hospitalisation and Custody Timeline

- Eventually, the police were forced to call an ambulance, but said it refused to attend for me, but my neighbours called one and said it will be here in 5 minutes. I was taken to hospital and kept there for 24 hours due to the severity of my injuries.
- I Exhibit the Response from the hospital as **Exhibit: 111**
- *“Under arrest please present - Had argument with his neighbours this evening police called - put to the ground by police at time felt “Pop” sensation to stitches. Had surgery done 2 days ago for hernia repair see oh testicular pain Worse to R side since assault PMH ASTHMA hernia repair psychosis LAS OBS!”*
- Even the doctors reported this as an **“Assault!”** in there official documentation!
- I arrived at the police station around 6:00 AM the following morning. I was officially booked in at approximately 8:00 AM. I was told that my custody time would start from that point, meaning they had 24 hours from then to either release me or call a custody inspector to extend my detention.
- I had been arrested under the **Protection from Harassment Act 1997**, and after speaking to doctors and explaining what had happened, I was deemed fit for interview. I still required an appropriate adult to be present.
- During the interview, the officer began asking questions unrelated to the arrest—specifically about alleged harassment of police officers. My solicitor immediately intervened, stating that the officer had no legal right to ask those questions, as I had not been arrested for that. He was correct.

Midnight to Morning – Illegal Detention

- At midnight, an inspector came to my cell and spoke to me through the flap. I told him about the fraudulent entries in my PNC record and explained how they had been manipulated by court and police review teams. He said, **“If What You’re Saying Is True, Then That Must Be True,”** but added that he couldn’t help me.
- He told me I would be released **“In A Minute,”** likely between 2:00 and 3:00 AM. But no one released me at that time. By 4:00 AM, I realised I was being held illegally. The officers on duty were clearly waiting for the next shift at 7:00 AM to release me, rather than doing it themselves.
- This meant they were knowingly holding me for an extra 8 hours without legal justification. I understood that this delay would prevent them from re-bailing or re-interviewing me, as the custody clock would expire. They would have no choice but to take **no further action** on the case.
- I confronted the officers, saying, **“You’re Holding Me Illegally Under This CAD Number From 12 To 8, Knowing There’s No Case To Answer And You’re Going To Drop The Charge.”** They realised I was right and became visibly concerned. They knew they weren’t conducting any

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investigation—because the incident had occurred two days earlier, and their notebooks and evidence had already been collected.

Denial of Contact and Legal Rights

- I repeatedly used the buzzer in my cell, asking to speak to my mother and aunt—both of whom were my appropriate adults. The police refused, saying it was **“Too Late”** and that they were sleeping. I pleaded with them, explaining that my family had instructed me to call them and were expecting to pick me up.
- My aunt later confirmed she had called the station multiple times but was told she wasn’t allowed to attend. They said they would call her when I was ready, **but they never did.**
- Around 4:00 AM, officers came to my cell and took me to the custody desk. Without re-arresting me or conducting a new interview, they dropped the original harassment charge. But instead of releasing me, they fabricated a **“Second Charge,”** claiming I had threatened to blow up a car.
- I had not been interviewed about this new allegation. My solicitor had already been sent home after the first interview (around 7–8 PM), and when I requested, he be called back, I was told he was **“Sleeping”** or **“Not Picking Up.”** No duty solicitor was provided as a replacement.
- I was denied my appropriate adult again. Instead, the custody officer put me on the phone with someone they had chosen to act as my adult. I objected, saying, **“This Is Wrong — You Must Call My Family.”** My request was refused.
- I was formally charged with the new offence, despite explaining clearly that it was baseless and that I had been denied my legal rights. I was returned to my cell and locked in.

Speaking Out and Exposing Fraud

- This deeply upset me. I began speaking aloud, explaining everything I knew to be true including the fraud in my **“PNC record,”** where conviction entries had been manipulated by court and police review teams. I knew the entire station could hear me, but I couldn’t be sure what they were doing about it.
- I gave detailed instructions on how to verify the records using their own systems and my website. I remembered most of the data by heart and recited it clearly.
- I gave them detailed instructions on how to check the records on their computers and my website as I remember most of it now of by heart.

Transfer to Court and Criminal Record Revelation

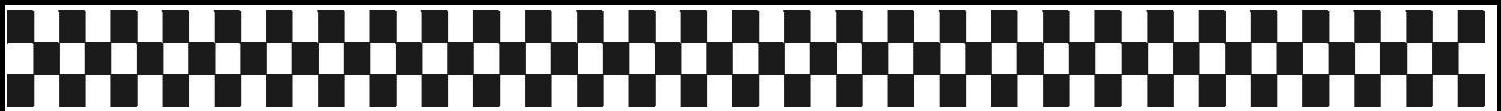
- Later that morning, police officers came to my cell and informed me I was being taken to court. I was escorted to the custody desk, where I saw a G3 jailer preparing to place me in a van. He was holding handcuffs, ready to restrain me.

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- I refused to go with him and instead approached the custody officer directly. I stated clearly, **“I’m not leaving the station.”** In response, the custody officer proposed a deal. He said, **“If you get on the van and leave my station without causing any problems, I’ll show you the results of the internal checks I’ve done on your criminal record.”**
- I asked what he meant. He explained that he had heard everything I’d been saying about the fabricated entries in my **PNC record** and had conducted internal checks to verify my claims. I agreed to the deal.
- He turned his computer screen toward me and showed me my criminal record. He confirmed that I was right: the entries had been fraudulently created. He pointed out that the courts were closed on the dates listed for convictions **41, 42**, and others I had previously exposed. He acknowledged that I was correct about all entries prior to my first reprimand warning and confirmed that the ones my mother had identified—and that **“Highbury & Islington Courts”** had agreed were missing from their registry—were indeed not legitimate.
- He then kindly asked me to leave the station.
- I was placed in the van and transported to court. The custody officer clearly knew that the **“Refusal Of Bail”** had been based on errors. I had never been arrested in relation to the alleged victim before, and I had not been found guilty of any offence in over **“25 years.”**

Signature:

Signature witnessed by:



**METROPOLITAN
POLICE**

This is my second defence statement

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE [when complete]

MG11

WITNESS STATEMENT

Criminal Procedure Rules, r27. 2; Criminal Justice Act 1967, s. 9; Magistrates’ Courts Act 1930, s.5B

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Statement of: Mr. Simon Paul Cordell

Age if under 18: Over (if over 18 insert 'over 18')

Occupation: News Reporter!

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Witness Signature:

Date: +

Title: Decline of Community and Tenancy Integrity in a Council Estate

- **Who's the girl illegally attacking me in 115 and should she legally be in the flat also her Motive "MO" behind what she does?**

Girl Known as: Rebbecca O'Hare

The Illegal Subletting of Council Stock Homes!

- The illegal subletting of flats by council secure tenants constitutes towards a breach of their tenancy agreements. In my block, there are six flats arranged over three levels, with two flats on each level. Each front door faces the next, and the bottom-floor flats have back gardens. I have lived in one of these bottom-floor flats **since 2006**.
- This estate is designated for individuals over 40 years old; however, I've noticed an increasing trend of younger individuals moving in alongside the adult tenants. While their presence has contributed to some changes, my negative experiences in the community primarily stem from the actions of the original adults I once considered friends. Unfortunately, I have faced racial hatred, unfounded rumours, and a toxic atmosphere fuelled by individuals seeking to emulate violent behaviour. These actions have severely damaged our community spirit without justification and my life.
- **Between 2006 and 2014**, Burncroft Avenue thrived with a strong sense of community, and I cherished my time here. Sadly, that sense of belonging has faded, and my overall experience has significantly declined. Despite this, I continue to keep an eye on the activities around me, taking notes of who lives where as I have also been forced to maintain a diary of the wrongs I have endured due to the original adults and now some youngsters that have copycatted their illegal actions, taken against my person and as requested by the council and police, as to when they asked me to document incidents involving members of the estate in my block and they as the Enfield Council and My landlord sent me a diary form to fulfil.
- The two ground-floor flats are council-owned, while the second-floor flats are numbered **113 and 115**, with **113** being directly above my flat and both flats belonging to the Enfield Council and their sub company The Enfield Homes. When I first moved in, **115** was occupied by a young couple, both white British and with whom I had no issues. **Since 2014**, I have experienced sustained harassment from residents of flats **111, 113, 115**, and **117** Burncroft Avenue. The tenancy at **115** initially changed to a Turkish woman, who appeared to be renting temporarily. This later changed, and Rebbecca O'Hare is

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now occupying flat **115**, a council-owned property, without a secure tenancy agreement.

- This claim is substantiated by “**Video Footage Submitted By Rebecca O’Hare Herself**” (**Exhibit 11: ROH 01 mp4**), which captures the installation of a new front door identical to those issued exclusively to Enfield Council housing stock. The footage confirms that the door replacement was carried out by “**Gerda Security Products Limited**,” a contractor officially appointed by Enfield Council.
 - a) “**Enfield Council has contracted Gerda Security Products Limited to install the new fire doors. Gerda Security Products Limited is a leading provider of fire safety solutions, known for their high specification fire door sets and emergency access systems.**”

The installation timeline further confirms council involvement:

- a) **8:00 AM on 04/02/2025**: New front door fitted at “**111 Burncroft Avenue!**”
- b) **8:00 AM on 04/02/2025 and 05/02/2025**: New front doors fitted at “**113 and 115 Burncroft Avenue!**”
- These installations were part of a coordinated rollout across council-owned flats, and the identical door type, visible in the footage, matches those issued exclusively to Enfield Council tenants. This directly contradicts any claim of private tenancy and confirms that Rebecca O’Hare is occupying the property without secure tenancy rights.

To ensure transparency and accountability, I formally request disclosure of:

- The **tenancy status** of flat 115
- The **installation records** from Gerda Security Products Limited!
- The Enfield Council housing officer responsible for overseeing these installations to confirm the truth about 115 being illegal sublet and with their acknowledgement due to the submitted as well as ownership of the front door!

Also, I have provided you with the following contact details:

• **The Contact Details (telephone, email, and postal address) for:**

a. **Gerda Security Products Limited:**

- **Telephone**: 01638 711028
- **Email**: enquiries@gerdasecurity.co.uk
- **Postal Address**: Gerda House, 54 Chiswick Avenue, Mildenhall, Suffolk, IP28 7AY

b. **The Enfield Council housing officer responsible:**

- **Telephone**: 020 8379 1000
- **Email**: housing@enfield.gov.uk
- **Postal Address**: Housing Department, Enfield Council, Civic Centre, Silver Street, Enfield, EN1 3XA

01. **CASE SUMMARY PDF.PDF:**

Extracted Title Structure from Case Summary

1. Application for Order(s) on Conviction:

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a. She clearly admits that she is not a secure tenant so why is she living in a secure tenant's council flat, or she and the police would say so!?

• **"I am the above-named individual and reside at LOCATION KNOWN TO POLICE."**

- This evidence is critical in exposing tenancy misrepresentation and validating the timeline of coordinated harassment. It also reinforces the need for council scrutiny and legal accountability.
- And lastly the flat titled as Flat 117 is the last address of concern and is the flat directly above 113. The situation escalated, as the council and police sided with them, due to initiating the problems of cause and this wrongful behaviour further exacerbating the problem.
- With that being explained, I can now get closer to the point — namely, the legal occupation and inhabitation of 115 Burncroft Avenue, and the unlawful actions taken against me by the current occupant and her collaborators. These actions were achieved through coordinated setups, false allegations, and procedural manipulation, all of which are documented and exhibited through the following evidence:

2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011

0.

- **Accused as liable**
 - * **Doctors!**
 - * **Enfield Council!**
 - * **Met Police Force!**
 - * **The listed occupants apart from 119**

01. The reason that we have adduced this exhibit into these proceedings is as listed below!

Evidence: Exhibit BB1 /

a. We contain Evidence in the Now Claimants Diary!

- **Weblink:** +

Evidence: Exhibit BB52 /

a. **This is a picture of the front layout of Burncroft Avenue**



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Purpose of the Image:

a. **This diagram supports my case by:**

- Documenting who lives where in relation to Flat 115 (Rebecca O'Hare's flat).
- Clarifying visibility and access points, especially relevant to her claims about seeing or being seen.
- Establishing physical layout for forensic contradiction of her timeline.

Breakdown of Labels and Their Significance:

Annotation	Description	Relevance
<u>BATHROOM & BEDROOM WINDOWS 115</u>	Rebecca O'Hare's flat	1. <u>Rebecca O'Hare (Flat 115)</u> illegally sublets the council flat, breaching tenancy agreements. Her flat's windows (bathroom & bedroom) are central to her false claims about visibility and movement. This map disproves her disapprove ability to see or interact safely as stated, while, exposing her harassment and intimidation against me. The image supports the pattern of her illegal occupation and targeted victimization, towards me, undermining her credibility and demonstrating systemic failure to address her misconduct.
<u>BURNCROFT AVENUE CORRIDOR WINDOW 2ND FLOOR STAIRS</u>	Communal stairwell window	1. This is in between the second and third floor but easily accessible for assessing whether she could have seen me or vice versa.
<u>JOHN IRVING RENTED FLAT BATHROOM & BEDROOM WINDOWS 117</u>	Another resident's flat	1. Statement: Flat 117 Burncroft Avenue – Council-Enabled Harassment, Fabricated Legal Process, and Evidentiary Breakdown • Flat 117 Burncroft Avenue, originally rented by John Irving, has been sublet to Enfield Council through a private intermediary, <u>"Ashdale Services Limited,"</u> a residential accommodation management company. Ashdale, in collaboration with the council, places temporary occupants in this flat under statutory frameworks such as the Housing Act. These placements have consistently involved individuals who have participated in sustained harassment, intimidation, and coordinated attacks against me. • The flat itself has been deliberately neglected and weaponized. Its creaking floors and structural damage are not incidental, they are

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used by occupants to create psychological disruption. Despite repeated reports, the council has failed to intervene, allowing the flat to operate as a “**Torture Room**,” with its occupants acting as tools to destabilize my life and dismiss my right to live peacefully.

- This abuse is not isolated. “**Ashdale Services Limited**,” another property enforcement company, issued notices permitting random inspections and threatening eviction for damages but yet they have ignored the deliberate misuse of the property by council-placed individuals, as I reported them or as they should have been inspected. This dual failure by both Ashdale and Enfield Council has enabled a system of abuse, surveillance, and environmental harm that violates my rights and safety.
- In one particularly egregious incident, “**John Irving Attempted To Break Into My Home**,” falsely claiming to be a plumber. I immediately reported this to a council officer named “**Lemmy**” and recorded the interaction. Instead of investigating or protecting me, Lemmy met with John Irving and together they produced a “**Fabricated Statement**” designed to cover up the break-in attempt. This false statement was later used in a possession order against me.
- However, due to the strength of my evidence, including recordings, surveillance logs, and witness accounts they could not bring the cases to trial and the Housing possession order cases, and two injunction order cases were all lost. Yet the authorities continued to trap me in an “**Illegal And Abusive Legal Process**,” imposing conditions based on “**Fraudulent And Fabricated Claims**.” These actions were designed to set me up, to keep me confined within a system that ignored due process and enabled ongoing harm.
- The council’s failure to act on tenancy violations, their complicity in enabling harassment, and their reliance on falsified documentation all point to a coordinated effort to undermine my existence. The misuse of Flat 117 and surrounding properties has had a direct and measurable impact on my health, safety, and legal standing.
- **Weblink:** <https://server2.pointto.us/PNC-Claim/1.%20PNC-Tool-Kit/04.%20New-Diary-11-12-23/04.%20New-Diary-11-12-23/New-Diary-11-12-23/Some%20Parts%204%20Diary%20New%20style%2028-05-22/This%20just%20come%20out%20of%20117%203rd%20set%20of%20tenants>

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%20in%202%20years%20or%20more/

Timeline of Occupants and Actions from Flat 113 Burncroft Avenue

1. Debra Andrews – Initial Disruption Phase:

- **Role:** First known hostile occupant of Flat 113.
- **Actions:**
 - a. She initiated noise-based harassment, deliberately targeting my rest and work hours to disrupt my daily life. She colluded with other residents to create a hostile and intimidating living environment. Her behavior set the foundation for a continuing pattern of provocation and harassment originating from this flat. Furthermore, government officials exploited her vulnerabilities, including her cholesterol and mental health history, the loss of custody of her three children, and her struggle with alcoholism—to fabricate false records against me. They used this to produce misleading reports and misrepresentations of my conduct to themselves, the authorities as part of an illegal campaign to attack me and discredit me.
 - 1+ Initiated “**Noise-Based Harassment,**” particularly targeting my rest and work hours.
 - 2+ She “**Colluded With Other Residents**” to create a hostile living environment.
 - 3+ Her behaviour laid the groundwork for what would become a “**Pattern Of Provocation**” from this flat.
 - 4+ She was involved and used by Government Officials illegally to attack me they used her cholesterol mental health history and prior 3 children taken away from her as well as alcoholism dependency in creating “**False History Against Me Were They Developed A Fake Record Of False Reporting And Misrepresentation Of My Conduct**” to authorities.

Followed Then Afterwards By: --

2. George Quinton – Escalation and Surveillance:

- **Role:** Successor to Debra Andrews.
- **Actions:**
 - a. Introduced “**Surveillance-Like Behaviour,**” including monitoring your movements and interactions while mentally

DEBRA ANDREWS BATHROOM & BEDROOM WINDOWS 113

Flat directly above yours

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and physically attacking me.

- b. He deliberately victimised me and copycatted the prior occupant.
- c. **George Quinton – Escalation and Deliberate Neglect:**
While Debra Andrews was still residing in the flat, my mother and I repeatedly wrote to the council about the poor and unsafe condition of the floors. When Debra moved out, the council placed builders into the flat and then assigned George Quinton as the new occupant. The council claimed that all repair work had been completed, but this was false, they had only been pretending to replace the floor. When George allowed my mother and me into the flat, we discovered that the floor had been cut into numerous uneven pieces, resembling the piano keys in the movie *Big* that Tom Hanks famously jumps on. The nails were improperly fixed, especially at the corners, creating multiple trip hazards on each section of the floor. This dangerous flooring was deliberately left in this hazardous state, seemingly to enable George to continue copying Debra's pattern of harassment and victimisation. The council's failure to properly repair the flat not only ignored safety standards but actively facilitated ongoing abuse against me.
- d. His tenure marked a shift from passive disruption to "**Active Targeting.**"

Followed Then Afterwards By: --

3. Ambrose – Tactical Provocation:

- **Role:** Occupant following George Quinton.
- **Actions: Pattern of Council-Enabled Harassment:** Debra Andrews, George Quinton, and Ambrose Atoro!
- **Debra Andrews – Foundation of Provocation:**
- Debra Andrews was the initial occupant whose behavior laid the groundwork for sustained harassment.
 - a. She initiated "**Noise-Based Attacks.**" deliberately targeting my rest and work hours.
 - b. She "**Colluded With Other Residents**" to create a hostile living environment.
 - c. Her conduct established a "**Template Of Provocation**" that subsequent occupants replicated.
 - d. Critically, Debra was "**Used Illegally By Government Officials**" to attack me. They exploited her vulnerabilities, including her mental health history, cholesterol issues, alcoholism, and the loss of custody of her three children, to

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fabricate a false narrative against me.

- e. This manipulation led to “**False Reporting And Misrepresentation Of My Conduct**,” forming the basis of a fraudulent record used to justify further legal action.

Followed Then Afterwards By: --

George Quinton – Escalation, Surveillance, and Council Negligence

- George Quinton succeeded Debra and escalated the harassment.
- George Quinton was placed in the flat following Debra Andrews, continuing and escalating the pattern of harassment against me. His behavior included:
 - a. **Surveillance-Like Monitoring**: tracking my movements and interactions.
 - b. **Mental And Physical Intimidation**: including deliberate noise-based disruption during legal preparation.
 - c. **False Reporting And Misrepresentation Of My Conduct**: submitted to authorities to reinforce a hostile narrative.
 - d. **Exploitation Of Unsafe Housing Conditions**: including a deliberately fragmented floor left unrepaired by the council. When my mother and I were later allowed into the flat, we documented the flooring, cut into uneven sections with improperly fixed nails, creating trip hazards and psychological stress.
- George’s conduct was not isolated, it was shaped by a vulnerable personal history. He suffers from **Mental Health Issues**, stemming in part from the **Loss Of His Mother At A Young Age**, which left him emotionally destabilized. This trauma contributed to his susceptibility to manipulation and erratic behavior. There are also serious allegations concerning **Sexuality Exploitation During His Youth**, which may have further impacted on his psychological state.
- Despite his known vulnerabilities, **Enfield Council Placed George In A Flat Already Associated With Harassment And Provocation**, without safeguards or supervision. Rather than offering support, the council enabled a situation where George’s instability was weaponized allowing him to replicate and escalate the tactics used by Debra Andrews.
- This placement must be viewed as part of a broader pattern of

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Council-Enabled Provocation, where vulnerable individuals with known histories were strategically positioned to destabilize me and obstruct my legal defence.

Ambrose Aoro – Strategic Placement Despite Violent History:

- Ambrose was placed in the flat after George, despite a **Documented History Of Extreme Violence**.
 - a. At age 20, Ambrose committed a **Brutal Armed Robbery** at Brick Lane Post Office, assaulting the postmaster with a fake handgun and causing grievous bodily harm.
 - b. He had **Escaped From Chase Farm Hospital** the day before, where he was being held for schizophrenia.
 - c. He was sentenced and transferred under “**Section 47 Of The Mental Health Act 1983**,” with a “**Section 49 Restriction**,” meaning he could not be released without approval from the Secretary of State.
 - d. According to housing transfer records dated “**12 August 2021**,” Ambrose was “**Explicitly Barred From Returning To The Area Of His Previous Victim**.”
 - e. Despite this, “**Enfield Council And Police Placed Him At Burncroft Avenue**,” near my residence, already destabilized by Debra and George.
 - f. Ambrose was reportedly offered “**Early Release**” on the condition of accepting psychiatric treatment, and his placement appears to have been “**Strategically Designed To Provoke Further Escalation**.”
 - g. Since arrival, he has engaged in “**Floor Banging, Verbal Baiting, And Timed Disturbances**,” especially during legal preparation, mirroring the tactics of his predecessors.

Legal Implications

- The council’s decision to place three successive occupants, each with escalating patterns of harassment and known vulnerabilities, constitutes “**Gross Negligence And Institutional Abuse**.”
 - a. **They Ignored Safeguarding Protocols**.
 - b. **They Enabled Coordinated Harassment**.
 - c. **They Manipulated Vulnerable Individuals To Provoke And Destabilize Me**.
- This pattern must be formally addressed in court as part of a broader abuse of process and denial of my right to live safely and prepare my legal defence without obstruction.

* **Weblink:** <https://server2.pointto.us/R-2014-and-Onwards/05.%20Old%202014>

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[OnwardsExhibitsV1/2014%20and-Onwards-Exhibits/Housing%20Transfer%20File/Transfer/Transfer/Neighbours%20Only/People%20-%20Neighbours%20Ambrose%20Newspaper%20File%20Master%2012-08-21/](#)

4. Richard Edward Skinner – Current and Most Aggressive Phase:

- **Role:** Present occupant of Flat 113.
- **Actions:**
 - a. Engages in persistent and direct provocation, including loud stomping and heavy footsteps directly above my front room during critical times when I am working or preparing legal documentation.
 - b. His actions are deliberately timed and coordinated with council activities to disrupt and interfere with my ability to compile legal evidence, demonstrating a calculated psychological harassment campaign.
 - c. The intensity and nature of his conduct pose a serious threat to my physical and mental well-being, amounting to a life-endangering pattern of harassment through an ongoing spree of illegal actions targeted against.

Evidentiary Pattern:

- Each occupant has “**Built Upon The Tactics Of The Previous,**” escalating from noise and passive disruption to “**Active Setups, False Allegations, And Coordinated Interference.**”
- The flat itself has become a “**Central Node Of Harassment,**” with each resident contributing to a sustained campaign against you.
- Your documentation, including spatial maps, video evidence, and contradiction tracking—clearly shows that Flat 113 has been used as a “**Strategic Platform For Destabilization.**”

CHRISTINE SMITH BATHROOM & BEDROOM WINDOWS
95

Ground-floor flat

Exhibit: Christine Smith – Foundational Role in Coordinated Legal

Targeting:

- * **Subject:** Christine Smith, Secure Council Tenant of Burncroft Avenue
- * **Status:** Still the Current Occupier as of **06/10/2025**

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- * **Reference:** “Secure Council Tenants” registry and Now Claimant’s evidence archive

Summary:

- Christine Smith has remained a “Secure Council Tenant” at Burncroft Avenue, with confirmed occupancy as of “2006.” Over the years, the Now Claimant has amassed a “Large Magnitude Of Evidence” showing that Christine Smith played a “Central And Initiating Role” in the illegal activities and administrative targeting that followed.
- Her involvement is not incidental, it is “Foundational.” Without her actions and coordination, “None Of The Court Order Applications Or Government System Entries” but mostly any “Mental Health History” that allows illegal targeting of the Now Claimant would even exist. She positioned herself as the “Root Cause And Enabler,” working alongside “Co-Defendants And Unnamed Collaborators” to embed false narratives and procedural traps.

Key Points of Involvement:

- Christine Smith’s name appears across “Multiple Government Systems,” linked to applications and entries that “Triggered Legal Actions” against the Now Claimant.
- Her status as a “Secure Tenant” gave her “Institutional Access And Credibility,” which she used to “Seed False Claims” and support fabricated allegations.
- She operated in tandem with “At Least Two Named Individual And Others,”
 - a. Stain Curtis,
 - b. Carron Dunno,
 - forming a “Network Of Complicity” that spans housing, legal, and administrative channels.
- Her actions laid the groundwork for “Subsequent Setups,” including those involving:
 - a. Flat 113 (Debra Andrews, George Quinton, Ambrose, Richard Edward Skinner) and Flat 115 (Rebecca O’Hare).

Evidentiary Importance:

- Christine Smith’s “Role” is “Not Reactive, It Is Generative.” She is the “Origin Point” for the systemic targeting.
- Her continued occupancy as a secure tenant suggests “Institutional Protection Or Oversight Failure,” despite the volume of evidence against her.
- This exhibit supports the claim that the harassment and legal

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targeting were “**Not Isolated Incidents,**” but part of a “**Coordinated Campaign Rooted In Tenancy Privilege And Administrative Manipulation.**”

Exhibit: Hassan Ozman (“Ozzie”) – Criminal Activity and Council Negligence:

- a. **Subject:** Hassan Ozman – Secure Council Tenant
- b. **Address:** 97 Burncroft Avenue (Next Block of Flats)
- c. **Status:** Occupant from “**2004**” to at least “**06/10/2025**”
- d. **Alias:** “**Ozzie**” – One person + sub-renters

Summary:

- Hassan Ozman, known locally as “**Ozzie,**” has been a “**secure council tenant**” at “**97 Burncroft Avenue**” since approximately **2004**, with confirmed occupancy up to “**06/10/2025**.” His flat is located in the “**Next Block,**” but his “**Front Room And Bedroom Walls Are Directly Side-By-Side With The Now Claimant’s,**” allowing for physical and auditory interference.
- Ozzie has routinely “**Rented His Council Flat Out To Loggers,**” and this also includes the bedroom alone of whom such illegal loggers have remained a “**Persistent And Disruptive Problem.**” These sub-renters have contributed to a pattern of illegal activity and environmental destabilization, leading to a complete loss of usage of my bedroom.

Criminal Conduct and Documentation:

- Hassan Ozman has committed “**Multiple Crimes Against The Now Claimant,**” including acts of aggression and disruption.
- These incidents have been “**Documented In The Now Claimant’s Diary,**” and supported by “**Audio Recordings, Video Footage,**” and “**Witness Testimony**” from third parties.
- One such event is described as an “**Illegal Frenzied Escapade,**” in which Ozzie was caught in the act.
- Despite the volume and clarity of evidence, both “**Enfield Council And The Police Have Refused To Fairly Investigate**” or act on the documented crimes.

Spatial Impact:

- Ozzie’s flat shares “**Wall-To-Wall Proximity**” with the Now Claimant’s front room and bedroom.
- This positioning allows him to “**Create Noise, Vibration, And Psychological Pressure,**” even from a separate block.

**HASSAN
OZMAN
BATHROOM
& BEDROOM
WINDOWS
97**

Adjacent flat

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- His use of sub-renters further “**Amplifies The Disruption,**” creating a rotating cast of hostile occupants with no accountability.

Evidentiary Importance:

- Establishes Hassan Ozman as a “**Long-Term, Institutionally Protected Tenant,**” despite repeated criminal behaviour.
- Highlights the “**Failure Of Enfield Council And Police**” to act on clear evidence, recordings, and witness accounts.
- Demonstrates how “**Spatial Adjacency And Sub-Letting Practices**” have been weaponized to destabilize the Now Claimant’s living environment.
- Supports the broader claim that harassment and criminal setups are “**Not Isolated,**” but part of a “**Multi-Flat, Multi-Tenant campaign**” rooted in council negligence.

**THE NOW
CLAIMANTS
BATHROOM
& BEDROOM
WINDOWS
109**

Your flat

Crucial for establishing my location and line-of-sight during the incidents.

**STAIN
CURTIS OLD
FLAT
BATHROOM
& BEDROOM
WINDOWS
111**

Historical
resident

Flat 111 Burncroft Avenue — Tenancy History, Timeline, and Impact on Me

1. Tenants Documented:

- **Stain Curtis and his wife:** Secure tenants until wife’s passing in **2010 and Stain until 2020.**
- **Janice Burton:** Transitional occupant after Stain’s death.
- **New Secure Tenant:** Assigned “**30/09/2022.**”

2. Timeline and Actions:

- **Before 03/09/2010:**
Stain Curtis and his wife lived together in Flat 111 as secure tenants. During this time, their presence was stable, and no significant issues were noted affecting me directly.
- **03/09/2010:**
Stain’s wife passed away, marking the start of a negative change in the flat’s environment.
- **2010 to ~2013:**

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After his wife's death, Stain Curtis began living alone and started drinking heavily and once the tenancy was officially transferred in just Stains name, he soon allowed Debra Andrews to become his drinking partner and lover as they became an intimate relationship. The Enfield Council transferred the flat of 111 into Stain Curtis' name in "**Late 2013**" and this is when the harassment escalated.

- **2013 to 14/02/2020:**

During this period, I experienced increasing harassment from noises, aggressive behavior, and intimidation originating from Flat 111. Stain's drinking contributed to a volatile atmosphere and several incidents where he was verbally and physically aggressive towards me, while using his flat as a weapon to hurt and torcher me while no person would protect my life from harm by them. I thought they was going to kill me, and I would become a murder investigation that the police and councils would cover up.

Stain, sometimes together with other occupants or alone, would engaged in targeted actions designed to disturb my peace and wellbeing. This included:

- a) Loud noises and floor banging directly to my kitchen wall and Rebecca O'Hare would copy the him and the last tenants of 115.
- b) Aggressive confrontations and threats, some of which I recorded.
- c) Ongoing intimidation that affected my ability to live and work peacefully or defend myself fairly in the courts of law.
- d) The environment created by Stain and others volatile and contributed heavily to my distress during these years.

- **February 2020 – October 2021: The Shiftwork of Harassment**

Stain Curtis's death in mid-February 2020 didn't mark the end of the campaign—it marked its evolution. Flat 111 may have gone quiet for a moment, but the silence was tactical. The surrounding flats, **113, 115, 117**, activated like a relay team. The harassment didn't pause. It rotated.

"They worked in shifts. Rebbeca O'Hare, Richard Edward Skinner, the occupants of 117, Ozzie, and the loggers—each took turns." Whether it was stomping, baiting, or timed disruptions, the tactics were coordinated. The goal was clear: destabilize me, obstruct my legal work, and provoke reactions that could be weaponized.

~~Stain's absence didn't deter them, it emboldened them. His~~

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legacy wasn't buried; it was inherited. They weren't just neighbours. They were successors to a blueprint of psychological warfare. Each one tried to outdo the last, chasing notoriety like it was currency. They weren't just copycats. They were auditioning to be the next headline the next "**Hot Killer**" in a campaign that the council refused to dismantle. And through it all, I documented every shift, every sound, every betrayal. Because truth doesn't sleep, even when they work in shifts.

- **Between 2021 and 2022:**

Janice Burton briefly occupied the flat as a transitional tenant. Her time in Flat 111 was short-lived, as she gave up her tenancy after incidents that involved her indirectly contributing to the hostile atmosphere and me recording them.

- **30/09/2022:**

A new secure tenant was assigned to Flat 111. Since then, the flat's impact on my situation has shifted just slightly but the history of disruption from this address remains a significant part of the wider pattern of harassment I have endured.

3. Summary:

- Flat 111, particularly during Stain Curtis's tenancy after his wife's passing, was a major source of harassment, intimidation, and distress for me. The aggressive behavior, noise disturbances, and threatening actions from this flat formed a core part of the hostile environment I experienced at Burncroft Avenue. The transitional occupancy by Janice Burton briefly extended this disruption, and while the new tenant's impact is currently limited, the legacy of Flat 111's role in my challenges remains clear, and that being that the police and council officers are the ones that allowed these crimes to flourish.

**BATHROOM
& BEDROOM
WINDOWS
119**

Upper-level
flat

Did not get involved in attacking me!

Strategic Use in Mr S. P. Cordell's Defence Case:

a. This annotated image helps you:

- **Disprove Rebecca's claim:** of seeing me in the corridor or being threatened from a specific vantage point.

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- **Establish your own visibility:** e.g., if I were outside or inside during key moments.
- **Support witness statements:** e.g., neighbours who could or couldn't have seen the interaction.
- **Challenge tenancy legitimacy:** e.g., if Rebecca's flat was sublet or occupied unlawfully.

01.

- **Accused as liable**
 - * **Doctors!**
 - * **Enfield Council!**
 - * **Met Police Force!**
 - * **The listed occupants apart from 119**

02. The reason that we have adduced this exhibit into these proceedings is as listed below!

Evidence: Exhibit BB3 /

a) This is a picture of the front layout of Burncroft Avenue

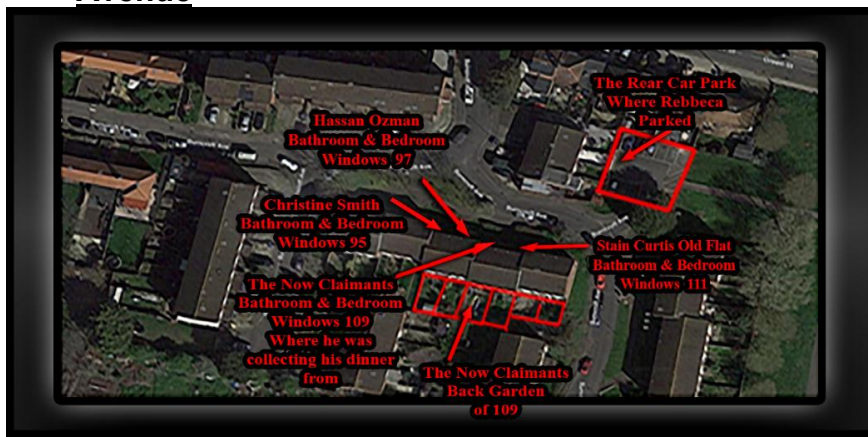


Exhibit: Christine Smith (Flat 95) – Strategic Surveillance, False Allegations, and Coordinated Access

- Christine Smith, occupant of Flat 95, has played a deliberate and sustained role in the harassment campaign against me.
- Her flat's "**Bathroom And Bedroom Windows Directly Overlook The Front Entrance Of My Property,**" giving her a clear and uninterrupted line-of-sight into my daily movements. While such visibility is not inherently illegal, it was "**Exploited As A Tactical Vantage Point,**" used to monitor, provoke, and ultimately fabricate criminal allegations against me.
- In addition to this visual access, "**Christine's Back Garden And Front Room Provide Indirect Physical Access To My Garden,**" separated only by "**Ozzie's Garden,**" which served as a narrow buffer. This layout was strategically manipulated. Christine, in coordination with "**Stain Curtis**" and "**Carron Duno,**" allowed Carron to use two "**Light-Skinned Children**" placed under her welfare—children who were not biologically hers, but had been left in her care following the death of their mother, who had been in a relationship with Carron's male associate.
- Christine Smith then falsely alleged that I had entered my garden and "**Threatened The Children,**" despite the fact that I had "**Not Stepped Into The Garden At All.**" The police arrived, refused to disclose the identities of the alleged victims, and proceeded to "**Section Me Under False Pretenses.**" I was later released on bail and able to "**Prove The Truth,**" leading to the "**Charges Being Dropped In Court.**"

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- This incident was not a misunderstanding, it was a “**Coordinated Setup,**” designed to:
 - a. Weaponize Christine’s line-of-sight and garden access.
 - b. Fabricate a criminal narrative to justify police intervention.
 - c. Shield Stain Curtis from exposure for his illegal tapping and harassment, particularly the “**Kitchen Wall Tapping**” now replicated by Rebecca O’Hare and others.
 - d. Reinforce a council-backed campaign of obstruction and psychological destabilization.
- Christine Smith’s involvement must be formally addressed in court as part of the “**Systemic Abuse Of Process,**” the “**Normalization Of Surveillance-Based Harassment,**” and the “**Denial Of My Right To A Safe And Fair Living Environment.**”

Exhibit Hassan Ozman: (Flat 97)

- Hassan Ozman has been involved in coordinated harassment alongside other neighbours. His bedroom and bathroom windows face key communal areas and my flat, enabling him to observe and falsely report my movements or the tenants he sublets the bedroom to. His actions have supported the council’s fabricated narrative and helped sustain the campaign of abuse against me and all while he and his tenants use drill and other objects to bang on my bedroom and front room walls or just simply tap with their fingers.

Exhibit the Now Claimants: (Flat 109)

- This is my residence. The image marks my bathroom and bedroom windows, as well as the back garden. It also shows where I was collecting my dinner during the incident. This location is central to disproving Rebecca O’Hare’s timeline and supports my documented movements and innocence.

Exhibit Stain Curtis: (Flat 111, Old Occupant)

- Previously occupied by Stain Curtis, this flat has historical relevance to the decline in community safety, as well as my wellbeing and expectancy of life. It was part of the block where harassment escalated, and its occupants contributed to the toxic environment that the council failed to address.

Exhibit Rear Car Park: (Where Rebecca O’Hare Parked)

- This is the exact location where Rebecca O’Hare parked on **02/08/2025**. The image disproves her claim of entry and interaction, with myself, while showing where she states she remained in the car park while I was outside resolving a delivery issue. Her timeline is physically impossible based on this layout as demonstrated even more so, below!

Exhibit BB5 – 3: (Front Layout of Burncroft Avenue)

- This image shows the front layout of Burncroft Avenue. It establishes the physical structure of the block, entrance points, and flat positions. It is essential for understanding movement patterns and disproving claims made by neighbours and council officers.

Exhibit John Irving’s Flat: (117)

- Flat 117 is sublet by John Irving to Enfield Council and Co, who have placed individuals there

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that have attacked and harassed me. The flat was deliberately left in poor condition, with damaged floors used to provoke and monitor me as I have **Exhibited** as **Mp4** and **Jpgs** as well as in written statements. Despite reports, the council enabled this abuse, making it part of their coordinated campaign.

02.

- **Accused as liable**
 - * **Doctors!**
 - * **Enfield Council!**
 - * **Met Police Force!**
 - * **The listed occupants apart from 119**

Evidence: Exhibit BB4 /



03. The reason that we have adduced this exhibit into these proceedings is as listed below!

Exhibit Burncroft Avenue Corridor – 2nd Floor Stairs:

- This image shows the internal corridor layout of Burncroft Avenue, specifically the second-floor stairs. It marks the front doors of Flat 109 (my residence) and Flat 111 (formerly occupied by Stain Curtis), as well as the communal staircase leading to the upper flats. This layout is critical for disproving claims made by neighbours and council officers about my movements and visibility. It shows the physical separation between flats and the sightlines available, directly undermining fabricated allegations about corridor encounters and disturbances.

03.

- **Accused as liable**
 - * **Doctors!**
 - * **Enfield Council!**
 - * **Met Police Force!**
 - * **The listed occupants apart from 119**

Evidence: Exhibit BB5/

04. The reason that we have adduced this exhibit into these proceedings is as

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listed below!

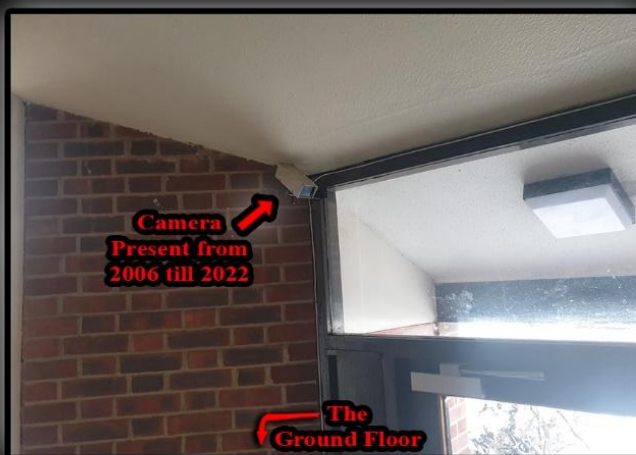


Exhibit Surveillance Camera Above Communal Entrance

- * **Location:** Ground Floor Entrance, Burncroft Avenue
- * **Label:** Camera Present from **2006 till 2025**
- * **Subject:** Long-Term Presence of Resident-Installed Surveillance and Selective Enforcement.

Summary:

- This exhibit shows a surveillance camera mounted above the communal entrance of Burncroft Avenue, labelled as present continuously from **2006** through **2025**. The camera was **“Installed By A Resident, Not The Council,”** and has remained in place throughout this period.
- In contrast, my prior personal safety camera, installed outside my flat’s front door for protection and to document harassment, was forcibly disabled by police on **14 August 2016**. Later that year, **Council Officer Sarah Fletcher** issued a formal notice demanding its removal by **25 November 2016**, with threats of financial penalty, despite no damage being caused or regulation or laws being broken.

Key Context and Implications:

- The resident-installed communal camera remained untouched, while my safety camera was singled out and removed.
- This selective suppression stripped me of the critical ability to gather real-time evidence, which would have **“Undermined The False Council And Mental Health Records Being Constructed Against Me.”**
- Those false records never diagnosed as genuine or leading to a conviction were illegally used to justify **“Unlawful Orders And Legal Harassment,”** manipulated and deliberately fabricated by police and council alongside with true offenders.
- Had my safety camera **“Not Been Taken Down,”** Rebecca O’Hare would have lacked the means to orchestrate her setup against me with such impunity.

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- The council and associated officials' failure to protect my right to record enabled a "**Coordinated Campaign Of Harassment And Defamation.**"

Legal and Evidentiary Importance:

- Demonstrates "**Deliberate Suppression Of Tenant Safety And Evidence-Gathering Tools**" while allowing other surveillance to remain.
- Establishes a direct link between the "**Removal Of My Camera And The Fabrication Of False Legal And Medical Histories.**"
- Supports claims of "**Discriminatory Enforcement And Collusion Between Council, Police, And Certain Neighbours.**"
- Highlights how these actions facilitated Rebecca O'Hare's ongoing ability to harass and set me up without accountability.

Outcome:

- My camera was disabled and removed starting **14th August–November 2016**, leaving me vulnerable and unable to prove my innocence.
- The resident-installed communal camera remained operational through **2025**, underscoring the unequal application of surveillance policies.
- This exhibit is central to exposing the systematic denial of my rights and the unlawful campaign against me.

04.

- **Accused as liable**
 - * **Doctors!**
 - * **Enfield Council!**
 - * **Met Police Force!**
 - * **The listed occupants apart from 119**

05. The reason that we have adduced this exhibit into these proceedings is as listed below!

Evidence: Exhibit BB6 /



WARNING: Under section 11 of the Criminal Procedure and Investigations Act 1996, **if you (a) do not disclose what the Act requires; (b) do not give a defence statement before the time limit expires; (c) at trial, rely on a defence, or facts, that you have not disclosed; or (d) at trial, call an alibi witness whom you have not identified in advance, then the court, the prosecutor or another defendant may comment on that, and the court may draw such inferences as it thinks proper in deciding whether you are guilty.**

Forensic Breakdown, Why Rebecca O'Hare's Stairwell Account Is Implausible

- Rebecca claims she went back downstairs to retrieve a nappy bag, implying a hurried return to the ground floor. However, given the **"Close Proximity Of The Stairwell To The Front Door,"** logic dictates that she would have simply exited directly and **"Not Paused Or Lingered"** in the corridor unless she had a reason to stop.
- If my back was turned at the time, I would not have seen her descending. But as she exited her flat, she would have **"Immediately Realised I Was Already In The Corridor And At The Front Door,"** based on the timing of my movements. The layout makes this unavoidable.
- Had I heard her footsteps or movement on the stairs, I would have **"Naturally Turned Around And Spotted Her."** The stairwell is open, with clear sightlines over the banister. Any person descending would be visible, and any person already in the corridor would instinctively look up or toward the sound.
- For her version to be true, she must have **"Deliberately Stopped At The Bottom Of The Stairs,"** **"Rather"** than making a direct exit. Her statement does not acknowledge this pause or explain why she would linger, especially if she felt threatened or was in a hurry. This omission is critical.
- **Moreover:**
 - a. She could have seen me from halfway down the stairs or spoken to me over the banister.
 - b. Her failure to mention this natural visibility suggests **"Intentional Narrative Shaping,"** not a spontaneous or truthful account.
 - c. Her timeline requires me to be both unaware and present yet not engaged, **"A Contradiction"** given the confined space and human instinct to respond to nearby movement.

Conclusion:

- Rebecca's account is **"Logically And Physically Implausible."** It relies on a compressed and contradictory timeline, ignores natural human behaviour, and fails to account for the spatial realities of the stairwell. Her version of events is **"Constructed To Support A False Allegation,"** not to reflect what actually occurred.

<u>05.</u>	• <u>Accused as liable</u> * <u>Doctors!</u> * <u>Enfield Council!</u> * <u>Met Police Force!</u> * <u>The listed occupants apart from 119</u>	<u>Evidence: Exhibit BB5 – 2 /</u>
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06. The reason that we have adduced this exhibit into these proceedings is as listed below!



Forensic Rebuttal: Corridor Layout and False Allegation by Rebecca O'Hare

- * **Location:** Second Floor Corridor, Burncroft Avenue
- * **Flats Involved:** 113 (Richard Edward Skinner), 115 (Rebecca O'Hare)
- * **Date of Statement:** 02 August **2025**
- * **Subject:** Misrepresentation of Door Interaction, Builder Engagement, and Threat Claims

Spatial Reality:

- The **"Second-Floor Corridor Is Extremely Narrow,"** with only a few feet between each door.
- **"Richard's Door (Flat 113)"** is closest to the stairwell entrance and is the first door you reach.
- **"Rebecca's Door (Flat 115)"** is directly behind where I stood. Simply **"Turning Around Places Me Face-To-Face With Her Door,"** if it were present!
- Therefore, **"Any Interaction That Occurred Was Incidental And Proximity-Based,"** **Not** targeted or intentional.

Logical Breakdown:

- Rebecca **"Admits I Knocked At Richard's Door,"** not hers. That confirms my intent and direction.
- For her to engage with me, she had to **"Come To Her Flat Door Voluntarily,"** I did not knock or call for her.
- The **"Builder Present At Her Door Spoke To Me First."** Rebecca had **"No Authority To Decide Whether He Should Speak To Me."**
- Her claim that I approached her is **"Disproven By Her Own Admission And The Corridor's**

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Layout.”

- The interaction only occurred because “She Inserted Herself Into The Situation,” not because I sought her out.
- In contrast, “Rebecca O’Hare Resides In Flat 115,” which is positioned “Above My Hallway But To The Side Of My Hallway And Kitchen.” Our bedrooms have an “Open Gap Between Them Consisting Of The Hallway And Stairs,” meaning that her bedroom is adjacent but not directly above mine and to the side of mine.
- Rebecca has used this positioning to cause targeted disruption in the following ways:
 - a. From her “Hallway,” she squawks and creaks the floorboards, using these sounds to make me unwell by monitoring movement and creating tension through her presence, while deliberately attacking me with pre-meditated intent.
 - b. From her “kitchen”, she has repeatedly banged on floors and walls, sending vibrations directly into my kitchen and front room, and into my body and ears and this effects where I cook, work, and rest.

Evidentiary Significance:

- Her statement contains another **clear contradiction**: acknowledging I knocked at Richard’s door, then claiming I was “Banging On Her Door,” which was “Removed By The Contractor,” as she herself states.
- The “Tight Layout Of The Corridor Makes It Impossible To Be Near One Door Without Being Near The Other, But My Proximity Was Not Intended.”
- Her version of events is “Structurally And Spatially Implausible” and designed to support another “False Allegation.”
- The “Video She Submitted Does Not Contain The Threats She Claims To Have” and disprove her serious accusations.

Conclusion:

- Rebecca’s claim that I approached her or threatened her is “Factually Incorrect And Contradicted By Her Own Words, The Corridor Layout, And Her Video Evidence”. I knocked at Richard’s door in response to harassment. She chose to engage, and the builder-initiated contact. The layout of the corridor means any interaction was incidental. Her narrative is not supported by the “physical environment, the timeline, of her events or in collaboration with the factual evidence” and must be treated as a “Fabricated Account Designed To Criminalize Proximity And Silence My Self-Defence.”

<u>06.</u>	• <u>Accused as liable</u> * <u>Doctors!</u> * <u>Enfield</u>	<u>Evidence: Exhibit BB5 – 2 /</u>
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- * **Council!**
- * **Met Police Force!**
- * **The listed occupants apart from 119**

07. The reason that we have adduced this exhibit into these proceedings is as listed below!



Stairwell Access and Observation Point

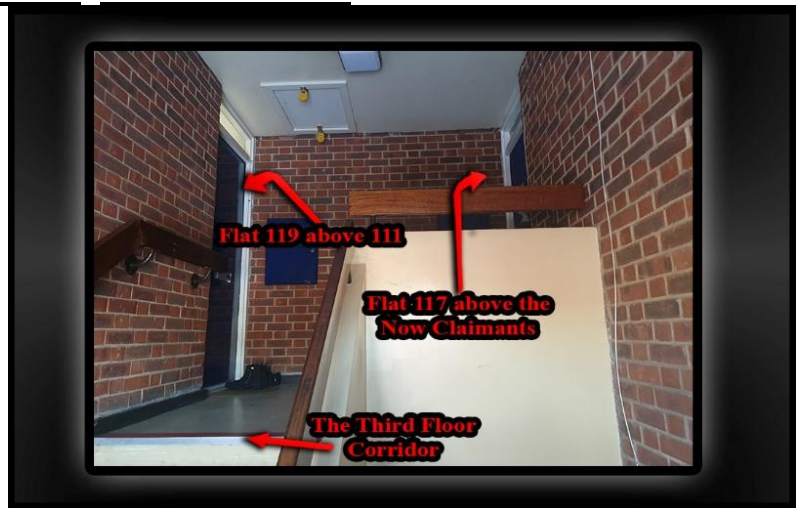
- The stairwell between the second and third floors provides “**Easy And Direct Access**” to the last two flats in the block. Its location and design make it a convenient route for residents moving between floors without having to use the main corridor extensively.
- Additionally, this stairwell area serves as a natural “**Observation Point,**” which Rebecca could use to monitor activity at the building’s front entrance, much like how her bathroom and bedroom windows offer views to keep an eye on the surroundings.
- This positioning allows for discreet observation and could contribute to her awareness of who is coming and going, reinforcing her ability to watch the communal spaces without needing to be at the front door constantly.

07.

- **Accused as liable**
- * **Doctors!**
- * **Enfield Council!**
- * **Met Police Force!**
- * **The listed occupants apart from 119**

08. The reason that we have adduced this exhibit into these proceedings is as listed below!

Evidence: Exhibit BB5 – 2 /



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Statement: Comparative Impact of Flats 117 and 119 on My Home

- * Location: Burncroft Avenue.
- * Flats Involved:
 - a. Flat 117 (Mathiylagans) – Full-room impact.
 - b. Flat 119 – No involvement
- The harassment I've faced began with the occupants of "Flat 117," the Mathiylagans family, as documented in my "2014 and Onwards" file starting at Section 2014. Due to the structural layout of the building, "Flat 117 Sits Directly Above My Flat" but with 115 in between allowing them to affect "Every Room In My Home And Bedroom, Kitchen, Hallway, Bathroom, And Front Room And All Through Deliberate Noise, Floor Banging, And Coordinated Disruptions." This was a 24-hour 7 days a week attack against me a human being and British citizen.

Evidentiary Importance:

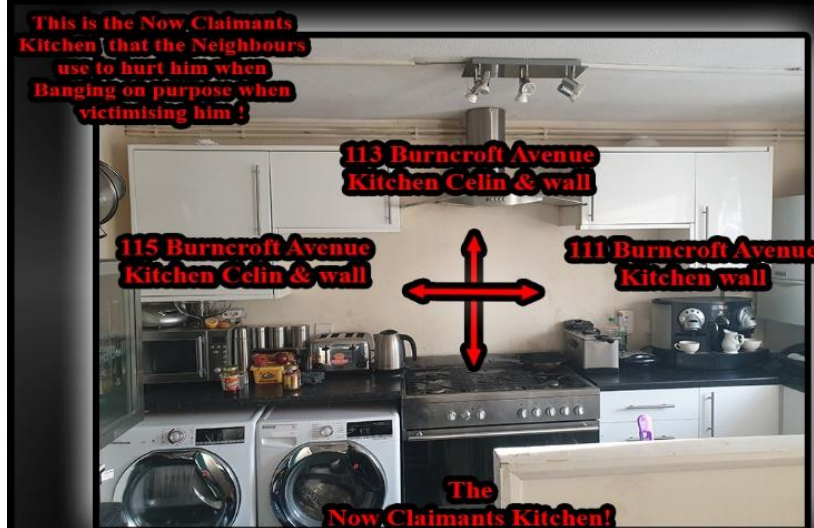
- a) Establishes the "Full-Spectrum Harassment From Flat 117," beginning years prior and affecting all rooms.
- b) Clarifies that "Rebecca's Influence Is Spatially Limited But Strategically Disruptive," focused on the most sensitive areas of my home.
- c) Supports the claim that the flat of "117 Occupants Flat Has Contributed To A Sustained Campaign Of Psychological Pressure," exploiting their spatial advantage with other neighbours such as Rebecca O'Hare!

<u>INFO</u>	<u>Statement Exhibit BB0 – 1 /</u>
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1)	• <u>Accused as liable</u> * <u>Doctors!</u> * <u>Enfield Council!</u> * <u>Met Police Force!</u> * <u>The listed occupants apart from 119</u> <u>09.</u> The reason that we have adduced this exhibit into	<u>Evidence: Exhibit BB5 – 1 /</u>
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these
proceedings is
as listed below!



Picture-111-115-117-Attack-Point – Coordinated Harassment via Kitchen Adjacency and Weaponized Flooring

- This image shows the reality of my living conditions and the coordinated harassment I continue to endure. My kitchen—labelled as **“The Now Claimant’s Kitchen”** is surrounded by **“Flats 111, 113, 115, and 117.”** These aren’t just neighboring units. They are tactical positions used to target me.
- **“Flat 111,”** previously occupied by **“Stain Curtis,”** was the origin point of the harassment. He lived on the ground floor, on the same block, next side to me. He initiated the wall tapping, especially through the kitchen wall, timed to provoke and destabilize me. His tactics were deliberate, rhythmic, and psychologically invasive.
- Directly above him in **“Flat 115, Rebecca O’Hare”** moved in and continued the harassment seamlessly. She didn’t just replicate Stain’s tactics—she escalated them. Her flat gives her access to both the vertical floors and shared walls, which she uses to mirror the tapping, stomping, and baiting techniques. She lives in the same block next side to me, and her actions are rehearsed and deliberate. She operates as if inheriting a role, using the same timings, same pressure points, and same psychological triggers.
- **“Flat 119,”** which sits above both 111 and 115, has not been involved.
- On **“My Side Of The Block,”** the harassment is just as coordinated. **“Flat 113,”** currently occupied by **“Richard Edward Skinner,”** continues to use the floors to attack me. His flat was previously occupied by **“Ambrose Atoro,”** and after Ambrose moved out, the council attempted a superficial fix to the flooring. I was present when the work was carried out. They sprayed foam under the main beams on one side of the room—not a proper structural repair, but a cosmetic patch job.
- Richard has deliberately re-damaged the temporary fix. He replicates the tactics of previous

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occupants, using the same beam-based mechanics to generate impact. By standing on one end of the long beam near his front door, he lifts the entire floor section—then drops it with force, creating targeted bangs directly above my kitchen. He does this in “**Every Room**,” not just the kitchen. The attacks extend above my “**Bedroom And Toilet**,” areas I’ve been unable to safely access since “**2014 And Even Before**.” If I enter those rooms, I am “**Visibly Attacked**,” the harassment intensifies, and the banging becomes violent and targeted.

- Above 113 is “**Flat 117**,” originally occupied by “**Mathiylagans and Co.**” “**Co**” refers to a cousin named “**Kanthren**,” who was hiding inside the front room. He pretended to live in “**Flat 119**” but was actually operating from 117, where he initiated the early tapping attacks. Mathiylagans allowed and supported him, giving him cover and access. When the tapping began above my head while I was working, I went directly to Mathiylagans to ask who was responsible. They blamed “**Debra Andrews**,” a deflection I didn’t understand at the time, because I didn’t yet know about Kanthren’s presence.
- I then knocked at Debra’s flat to ask her directly. She blamed Mathiylagans in return. No one took responsibility. No one stopped. The harassment escalated. At that time, “**Stain Curtis was in a Relationship With Debra**,” and together they joined the pattern, using their positions to contribute to the noise setups and psychological pressure.
- This isn’t incidental. It’s structured. Each flat plays a role. The floors have been altered, the walls exploited, and the council continues to allow it. My kitchen, my workspace, my home—turned into a battleground by design.
- The harassment is rotational, coordinated, and council enabled. And I continue to document every moment of it.

Outside Exhibit of road coming in and car park Rebecca O’Hare drove into on the <u>06-10-2025</u>	
This video was created by a friend as a favour for everyone as I cannot go to my housing estate and make it myself due to wrongly imposed GPS Tag bail conditions!	<u>06-10-2025:</u> server2.pointto.us/Durants/VID-20251004-WA0000.mp4

COPY OF REBECCA STATEMENT:

WARNING: Under section 11 of the Criminal Procedure and Investigations Act 1996, **if you (a) do not disclose what the Act requires; (b) do not give a defence statement before the time limit expires; (c) at trial, rely on a defence, or facts, that you have not disclosed; or (d) at trial, call an alibi witness whom you have not identified in advance, then the court, the prosecutor or another defendant may comment on that, and the court may draw such inferences as it thinks proper in deciding whether you are guilty.**

WITNESS STATEMENT

Criminal Procedure Rules, r 27. 2; Criminal Justice Act 1967, s. 9; Magistrates' Courts Act 1980, s.5B

URN

Statement of: Rebecca O' hare

Age if under 18: Over (*if over 18 inserts 'over 18'*) Occupation:

This statement (consisting of page(s) each signed by me) is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I make it knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence, I shall be liable to prosecution if I have wilfully stated in it anything which I know to be false, or do not believe to be true.

Witness Signature: Date: **02/08/2025**

This statement relates to my neighbour at 109 Burncroft avenue, EN3 7JQ I am the above-named individual and reside at location known to police.

The incident I am about to describe occurred on Burncroft avenue, the address is a block of flats and there are 6 flats within the block and 2 flats per floor.

In January my neighbour Simon (109) was banging on my door shouting that I was making noise, I'll punch you up, I'll slap you up and your daughter. He also said he would do the same thing to my children's dad. I took a video of this and sent this to the police.

In January I was getting a new door fitted, I've taken my daughter to school. I've come home; the door was taken off the hinges by the contractor. Simon has come upstairs and i was in the living room and I could hear him, Simon was asking the contractor if the guy that lives opposite from me (113) was home. I've gone to the door, and he has started to accuse me of banging on the floor and keeping him awake at night. I've explained that I don't live above him then he has then shouting saying that he would hit me, hit my eldest daughter and drag my unborn baby out my stomach. I kept telling him to move from the door, he then went to say he's got videos of me on a website about being corrupt. As I've called the police on that occasion, he has said call the fucking police I don't care.

On **Saturday 2nd August 2025** I was driving into the estate where my block of flats is, as I'm driving in,

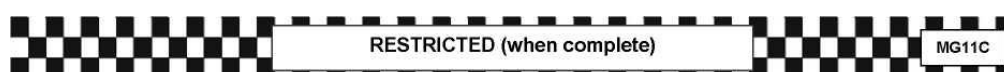
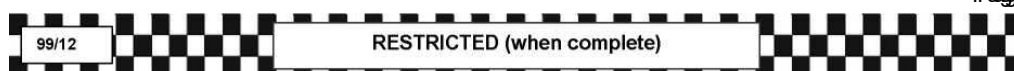
I have seen my neighbour who I only know as Simon, he resides at 109 Burncroft avenue. Whenever I come into the estate the first place, I look is the bottom of my block, to see if he is outside. If he is I know that he would try and intimidate me, shout at me or something is going to happen.

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As I have driven in and drove around the bend, I could see him from the side staring at my car. I've driven into the small car park on the left and parked my car. I've got out my car to see if he was still there or not, once I've seen he is not there I've walked my two kids upstairs. I've had to go back downstairs to grab my children's nappy bag I told my eldest daughter if the baby wakes up to call my phone. I've locked the door and taken the key with me as I'm walking down the stairs I hear another door, Simon has got to the bottom of the stairs before me, he was saying stuff but facing away from

Witness Signature:

Signature Witnessed by Signature: Page 1 of 2



Continuation of Statement of:

me. So, I wasn't paying any attention, and he has turned around and been like 'you hear me', not in response to him I was like what? And then he has said 'I will blow up your car; I will blow it to the other side of the street.' Then he was like if you come and ask me, I will tell you I didn't do it.

I've closed the communal door to put space between us, I've walked towards my car to get the nappy bag he has opened the door and was shouting stuff at me as I'm walking towards my car, I wasn't paying attention to what he was shouting at me I was trying to get to my car as quick as possible. I've got to my car and got what I needed and looked if he was still by the door, he wasn't by the door, so I've started walking back home, once I got into my flat. I called the police.

Because of his behaviour I am worried to leave the house with my children. I have been getting other people to drop things off for me. I try my best to stay as far away from him as possible but every time I see him, I know that something would happen, there has been incidents when I am at the shop, he would stare at me but would not say anything, trying to intimidate me. I feel unsafe in my own home and fear for me and my children because of his threats, every time I make a complaint a feel that it is put down to his mental health. I am concerned that only if he touches me or my children that something would be done.

Witness Signature:

Signature Witnessed by Signature:

Page 2 of 2

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FORENSIC BREAKDOWN: WHY REBECCA'S TIMELINE IS IMPOSSIBLE

MY SEQUENCE OF EVENTS
(STEP-BY-STEP)

01.	<u>Initial Exit for Delivery</u> - You exited your home to meet the delivery driver. - You handed him a number (e.g., 45 or 20) and began walking back toward your front door.
02.	<u>Realization and Immediate Return</u> - Before reaching your front door, you realized your bag was short. - You hurried back to the driver before he drove away.
03.	<u>Driver's Delay</u> - The driver got out of his vehicle again. - He attempted to phone his boss but couldn't get through. - This added several minutes to the interaction, I would say about 10 minutes.
04.	<u>Witnesses Present</u> - During this time, your next-door neighbours was outside and witnessed the exchange. - You were visible and engaged in conversation, your location and activity were public and legal.
05.	<u>Rebecca's Claimed Entry</u> - She claims she drove into the rear car park and brought her children upstairs. - I see her drive past me and into the car park while I was still outside, I remember this because I have never seen her driving a car before. - Therefore, she had not yet entered the block or brought the children up at this point of time.
06.	<u>I Continued My Presence in an Orderly Manner Outside!</u> As I remained outside for approximately 10 minutes resolving the delivery issue.

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	• Rebecca must have remained hidden in the car park during this time; there's no evidence she entered the building.
07.	<u>Second Delivery Agreement</u> • I and the driver agreed he would return with the rest of the food, as the “<u>Just Eat Exhibits Prove Below!</u>” • I then returned inside to eat the partial delivery (chicken korma). • I only left the flat once again to collect the second half of the delivered food as the Exhibited telephone log demonstrates at
08.	<u>Logical Contradiction in Rebecca's Statement</u> • She claims she brought the children upstairs and “<u>Later Came Down to Retrieve Nappies.</u>” • She also claims she saw my “<u>Back</u>” in the corridor as she descended. • But based upon my true & logical timeline: a. I was outside during her arrival. b. I only returned inside after the delivery issue was resolved and not at any time when she would not have had the children with her like she states in her official MG11 statement or I would have seen her. c. It is obvious that I had no reason to re-enter the corridor once I was back inside my home because I had no one else to meet, and I don't walk backwards. I was waiting for the second part of my delivery, and during that time, I was logically eating the first portion, the one I had already waited for and paid for. Had I not done so, it would have gone cold and spoiled. There was no justification for me to leave my home again, and any suggestion otherwise ignores both common sense and the documented sequence of events. • For her to have been able to see me in the corridor, she would've had to descend at a time when I was no longer there. • Unless she waited upstairs for 30–45 minutes before realising the nappies were missing “<u>Which She Does Not Claim.</u>” her version is “<u>Impossible.</u>” as it is not Chronological. <u>Conclusion: Her Account Is Logically and Physically Implausible</u> Rebecca's statement relies on a compressed and contradictory timeline. My actions were visible, witnessed, and consistent, by other persons versions of events and this is why the police refused to take their statements at the alleged scene and all of whom all contend against her illogical version of events and are attending court to give oral evidence. <u>Her version requires:</u> • Me to be in two places at once.

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- For her too have entered the block while I was still outside (she admits didn't) happen.
 - A spontaneous corridor encounter that "**Couldn't**" have occurred based on my actual movements, now explained as I was not fairly interviewed for this nor arrested for the charge brought before the court: **Threats to Cause Criminal Damage 1971** and neither did I commit such crimes.
- These factual observations undermine the credibility of her account and supports my assertion that her version of events is not just flawed, it's structurally impossible.

	 <u>GENERAL OBSERVATIONS</u>
1.	• <u>Unsigned Statement</u>: Rebecca O'Hare. • The MG11C form explicitly states "<u>Witness Signature: ---</u>" with no signature present. This renders the statement inadmissible unless verified in court. • You are entitled to ask: "<u>Who signed this statement, and when?</u>" • If unsigned, it fails the basic threshold under the <u>Criminal Justice Act 1967</u> and <u>Magistrates' Courts Act 1980</u>.
2.	<u>January Incident and August: Alleged Threats and Video Evidence</u> • <u>No video disclosed of alleged offences</u>: Despite claiming to have sent video evidence to police, no footage has been disclosed under <u>CPIA</u>. →that challenges the charge of Threats to cause criminal damage on the <u>02/08/2025</u> that allows me and me legal defence team to Challenge: • Where is the video for this charge as its wrongly dated January and has nothing to do with threats to blow up a car, that are disputed. • Has it been reviewed, timestamped, and verified by an officer? • Why has this wrong exhibit been disclosed and where is the real exhibit? • <u>Language used</u>: Highly emotive and inflammatory but lacks corroboration to alleged victims statements. • Also, there is no BWV, no third-party witness.
3.	<u>Door Fitting and Accusation</u> • <u>Timeline ambiguity</u>: She claims the door was off its hinges and she was inside, yet approached Simon un scared when she knew he was knocking on here next-door neighbours front door. why does she

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		pretend in her statement that she acts otherwise? • Simon and the contractor both spoke to each other, but she did not hear this! • No contractor statement: The contractor is a key witness yet not cited or referenced, as he will prove Mr. Simon Cordell's True Version of events. • And then to her other → Contradictions:	
4.	<u>Location Contradiction</u>	• She states: "<u>I don't live above him.</u>"	
5.	<u>Website and Police Call</u>	• <u>Website reference:</u> She claims you said she's on a corruption website. That's verifiable. • <u>Police call:</u> No CAD number or officer response cited. Again, no disclosure.	
6.	<u>August 2nd Incident</u> <u>Rebecca O'Hare, Driving into the estate</u>	• <u>Pre-emptive fear:</u> She admits she always checks if Mr Simon Paul Cordell is outside, but this really just shows bias and expectation and not an actual threat. • <u>Staring at car:</u> Not illegal. No verbal exchange yet she unfairly claims intimidation.	
7.	<u>Parking and Entry</u>	• <u>No interaction:</u> She confirms I Wasn't present when she parked and walked upstairs. No threat occurred.	
8.	<u>Alleged Threat to Blow Up Car</u>	• Is Something that never really happened, to Rebecca O'Hare as it's a cover up for what she has really done to Mr. Simon P. Cordell. • <u>No witnesses:</u> She claims I made a serious threat while facing away from her. → <u>Challenge:</u> "<i><u>How Did She Hear And Interpret The Words If She Wasn't Paying Attention?</u></i>" • <u>No forensic follow-up:</u> No CAD, no forensic sweep, no corroboration.	
9.	<u>Shouting from communal door</u>	• She admits: "<i><u>I Wasn't Paying Attention To What He Was Shouting.</u></i>" → <u>Contradiction:</u> If she didn't hear the words, how can she claim threat or intent?	
10.	<u>Fear and Mental Health Allegation</u>		

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	• <u>Subjective fear</u>: Her fear is real to her, but legally it must be based on an objective threat. • <u>Mental health claim</u>: She alleges her complaints are dismissed due to mental health. That's discriminatory and irrelevant unless medically substantiated and it cannot be.
11.	<u>Legal Leverage Points</u> • <u>Unsigned statement</u>: Procedurally invalid unless signed and verified. • <u>No disclosed evidence</u>: No video, BWV, No Video Exhibited of <u>Rebecca O' Hare</u> demonstrating any of her claim's, no contractor statement, No CAD logs, or any third-party corroboration, backing her alleged allegations. • <u>Contradictions</u>: Timeline, location, and attention inconsistencies. • <u>Bias and expectation</u>: Her own words show she anticipates conflict, not that it occurs. • <u>Discriminatory framing</u>: Mental health references are prejudicial and unsupported.

Signature:

Signature witnessed by:

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OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE [when complete]

MG11

WITNESS STATEMENT

Criminal Procedure Rules, r27. 2; Criminal Justice Act 1967, s. 9; Magistrates' Courts Act 1930, s.5B

URN

Statement of: +

Age if under 18: Over (if over 18 insert 'over 18') Occupation: Police Constable

This statement (consisting of 2 page{s) each signed by me) is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I make it knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence, I shall be liable to prosecution if I have wilfully stated in it anything which I know to be false, or do not believe to be true.

Witness Signature: Date: +

EXHIBIT: TIME LOG – Arresting Police Officer

Subject: Officer's Arrest Timeline & Evident Procedural Inaccuracies!

- This exhibit documents the arresting officer's timeline and highlights clear contradictions, timestamp anomalies, and procedural breaches. It forms part of the master chronology and supports the rebuttal against fabricated or misrepresented arrest details.

Quoted Statement:

- Statement of:** PC George WILSON-WALLIS
- Date:** 02/08/2025
- Context:** Witnessing officer statement regarding the arrest performed by **Police officer 1543NA**
- Narrative:** "Mobile patrol NA22L called for a van to facilitate the transport of an individual I would later find out to be called "**Samual**" to "**Custody For The Offence Of Harassment.**"

5. Timestamped Action:

"Whilst this was going on at "**21:16 PC 1543NA began arresting Samual**" for the offence of harassment through the door!"

Forensic Corrections to PC Wilson-Wallis Statement:

- Misidentification:**
The individual arrested was "**Simon Cordell.**" not "**Samual.**" This error undermines identification

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procedures and evidentiary integrity. **PACE Code D** refers to the Police and **Criminal Evidence Act 1984** – “**Code of Practice D, governs**” how police officers in England and Wales conduct identification procedures. It’s all about ensuring that suspects are identified fairly, accurately, and lawfully, especially when eyewitnesses are involved and this **PACE Code D** is in breach, as .Mr. Simon Paul Cordell is not Samuel.

01. Statutory Breach:

- * **PACE Code D:** Governs identification procedures. Misnaming violates fair identification standards.
- * **Data Protection Act 2018:** Contains incorrect personal data handling breaches lawful processing obligations.

02. Procedural Failure:

- * Invalidates the **MG11** as a reliable witness statement.
- * Undermines chain of custody and suspect tracking.

03. Consequences:

- a. Grounds for exclusion of the statement under **Section 78 of PACE.**
- b. Potential for case dismissal due to evidentiary contamination.

- **False Attribution:**

PC Wilson-Wallis claims the arrest was performed by **PC 1543NA (Obsiye)**, but he was “**Not Present**” during the victim’s statement upstairs and did “**Not Witness**” the full engagement sequence.

- **Arrival Timing:**

He arrived “**After**” PC Chan and PC Obsiye had already engaged with the alleged victim and after they had both gone downstairs. His statement omits this and falsely implies full-scene awareness.

- **Limited Scope:**

His account references “**Only Harassment,**” omitting the broader allegations of: “**Threats To Cause Criminal Damage 1971 Which Mandate Arrest And Charge, That Has Never Happened.**”

- PC George WILSON-WALLIS states on the **02nd of August 2025** myself and PC WILLIAMS and not on the **01st of August 2025** as the arresting officer and statement taker of Rebecca O’Hare, states.
- **Pc George Wilson Wallis:** states the time of him witnessing the arrest outside of the door was at: **21 :16Pm**
- **Pc George Wilson Wallis:** Also, states that they managed to open the door at: **21 :17.**

ADDITIONAL OFFICER STATEMENTS
TIMELINE & CONTRADICTIONS

PC “Obsiye 1543NA” — Statement Date: 01/08/2025

Extract from statement:

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- a. We asked to enter, and we spoke with her in the living room.
- b. She stated that she has been having issues with her neighbour, and it's been ongoing for a while. She quickly grabbed her children and ran into the address. She remembered she left her nappy bag so went to go get it. That's when the suspect caught her near the door and began saying something she did not know what he was saying at first so made a comment to herself that's when the suspect said,
- c. She also stated there was another incident earlier in the year, when she did not have a front door and was getting it replaced.
- d. I explained to **PC Chan 1405NA** that the suspect who lived downstairs 109 **would be arrested for harassment.**
- e. I explained that he was arrested for harassment as today he went up to the victim and threatened to blow up her car and that no one would know it was him, also previously you had turned up to her house and threatened to slap her. You have been causing her distress.
- f. **My BWV was on at the time and is exhibited as HAO/01**

Impossible Date:

- The incident occurred on "**02/08/2025,**" yet Obsiye's statement is dated **01/08/2025,** a full day earlier.
- He repeats the "**Incorrect Date Twice,**" including the weekday ("**Friday**"), indicating "**Deliberate Backdating,**" not clerical error.

Impossible Time:

- Statement claims duty between "**0700 and 1600,**" yet the arrest occurred at "**21:16.**"
- This discrepancy invalidates the statement's temporal integrity.

Key Contradictions:

- Obsiye claims to have received the full victim statement, yet "**PC Chan confirms**" Obsiye was the only one speaking to her, while this was taken and the arrest of harassment was decided, alone.
 - a. On "**Friday 1st August 2025**" between the hours of 0700 and 1600 I was on duty in full uniform carrying full PPE kit and "**BWV.**" This day is incorrect, and nobody worn footage has been disclosed as watchable.
 - b. **Evidence Gap:** No BWV footage has been disclosed showing this interaction in the living room.
 - c. **Discredited Motive:** Her statements have been reused from prior NFA cases, which were already dismissed as displayed in the CPS files.

PC Chan — Statement Date: 02/08/2025 at 1300 hours

EXHIBIT: PC CHAN PDF.PDF — Statement Analysis and Evidentiary Breakdown

a. Statement of: Calvin Chan

Quoted Statement:

- a. On Saturday 2nd August **2025** I was on duty in uniform
- b. **On arrival PC Obsiye spoke with Rebecca O'Hare,**
- c. **I was trying to distract the daughter from listening to Rebecca explaining the allegation to PC Obsiye.**
- d. **she described him as wearing a blue checkered pyjama.**

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- e. We went downstairs to knock on the door
- f. I exhibit my **BWV** as **CKC/01**, **“Exhibit Does not work as cant view video footage as intended.”**

Impossible Time:

- Arrest occurred at **“21:16,”** yet Chan’s statement is timestamped **“1300 Hours, 8 Hours Earlier.”**
- He was present during the arrest but did **“Not Receive The Victim’s Statement As He States That”** he was distracting Rebecca O’Hare’s child while Obsiye spoke with her.

Key Contradictions:

- Chan references the suspect’s name as **“Simon,”** contradicting Wilson-Wallis’s **“Samual.”**
- He confirms that **“Obsiye Performed The Arrest,”** not himself.
- His **BWV (CKC/01)** must be reviewed for timestamp accuracy and officer presence.

Contradiction Analysis Table:

Element	Quoted Statement	Implication
Date/Time	<u>“Time: 1300 hours”</u>	<u>Impossible:</u> Arrest occurred at <u>“21:16,”</u> per PC George Wilson-Wallis. Chan’s timeline is chronologically incoherent.
Uniformed Duty	<u>“I was on duty in uniform”</u>	Confirms presence but does <u>“Not Reconcile”</u> with the arrest timeline.
Allegation Discussion	<u>“She was explaining the allegation to PC Obsiye”</u>	Chan was <u>“Not The Recipient”</u> of the allegation. His account is <u>“Second-Hand.”</u>
Suspect Description	<u>“She described him as wearing a blue checkered pyjama”</u>	Description was relayed to <u>“Obsiye,”</u> not Chan. Chan’s reference is <u>“Indirect.”</u>
Door Knock	<u>“We went downstairs to knock on the door”</u>	Implies <u>“First Contact”</u> but timestamp makes this <u>“Impossible”</u> unless arrest occurred earlier.
BWV Exhibit	<u>“I exhibit my BWV as CKC/01”</u>	Must be scrutinized for <u>“Timestamp”</u> accuracy. If it shows events near 21:00, Chan’s statement is misdated and is not viewable as we request it to be disclosed to us.

Forensic Narrative: Initial Police Attendance and Arrest Chronology

Date: 02/08/2025

Location: 109 Burncroft Avenue, Enfield

Timeframe: Leading to arrest at 21:16

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Scene Attendance: Only Two Officers Present

- **Officers' Present:**

- a. **PC Calvin Chan**
- b. **PC Obsiye**

These were the "**Only Two Officers**" on scene. No van. No backup. No prior units.

- **Arrival Context:**

- a. Both officers arrived together and proceeded "**Downstairs**" to knock on the door.
- b. This was the "**First Point Of Contact.**"

Victim Interaction: Exclusivity of Dialogue

- The "**Alleged Victim**" spoke "**only to PC Obsiye.**"

- a. Chan was "**Not Actively Involved.**"
- b. He did "**Not Receive Or Record**" any direct allegation.
- c. Any claim of independent verification by Chan is "**Unsupported.**"

Suspect Description: Source and Validity

- Description of "**Blue Checkered Pyjamas**" was given "**Verbally To PC Obsiye.**"

- a. Chan's reference is "**Second-Hand.**" and only independently observed as to this statement.

BWV Footage: CKC/01

- Chan exhibits "**CKC/01**" as his BWV.

- a. Must be reviewed for:
 - **Timestamp integrity**
 - **Presence of other officers (none)**
 - **Sequence of engagement and arrest**

Arrest Execution

- **Arresting Officer:** PC Obsiye

- a. Sole officer who engaged the alleged victim.
- b. Arrest performed "**Through The Door At 21:16.**" corroborated by PC George Wilson-Wallis.
- c. Chan did "**Not**" perform the arrest.

Contradictions and Implications

- Chan's timestamp of "**1300 Hours Is Factually Impossible.**"
- His claim to have received the allegation or participated in the arrest is "**Invalid.**"
- CKC/01 must be disclosed in full to expose:
 - a. **Timestamp anomalies**
 - b. **Officer's presence**
 - c. **Engagement sequence**

EXHIBIT: TIME LOG OF POLICE OFFICER ABOUT ANOTHER POLICE OFFICER'S ARREST TIME

- a. **Statement of:** PC George WILSON-WALLIS
- b. **Date:** 02/08/2025
- c. **Context:** Witnessing officer statement regarding the arrest performed by officer 1543NA

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Narrative:

- a. “Mobile patrol NA22L called for a van to facilitate the transport of an individual I would later find out to be called Samuel to custody for the offence of harassment.”

Timestamped Action:

“Whilst this was going on at 21:16 PC 1543NA began arresting Samuel for the offence of harassment through the door!”

Evidentiary Implications of the Time Log:

- **Exact Arrest Initiation Time:**
Arrest began at **21:16**, witnessed and recorded by PC George Wilson-Wallis.
- **Third-Party Corroboration:**
Independent verification of arrest time and method.
- **Sequence of Events:**
Van request occurred **before** arrest—suggesting **premeditated logistics**.
- **Location and Method of Arrest:**
“Through The Door” implies “No Direct Contact,” “Raising Serious Questions About Lawful Entry And Suspect Awareness.”
- **Potential Contradictions:**
Any custody logs or statements suggesting a different arrest time (e.g., 21:30) are to be challenged using this timestamp.

Misidentification Alert

- The individual referred to as “Samual” in Wilson-Wallis’s statement is **not Simon**.
 - a. This misnaming introduces a **“Critical Identity Error.”**
 - b. If this name appears in custody logs, BWV audio, or witness statements, it may invalidate identification procedures and expose procedural negligence.

Master Rebuttal: PC Williams — Statement Date: 30/08/2022

Impossible Year & Document Integrity:

- PC Williams’ statement is dated **30/08/2022**, yet the incident occurred on **“02/08/2025, a three-year discrepancy.”**
- This is not a clerical error, it reflects **“Template Reuse Or Misfiling.”** undermining the document’s admissibility and casting doubt on its authenticity.

Procedural Breaches & Contradictions:

- **Caution Through Closed Door:**
Williams confirms that **PC Obsiye delivered the caution through the closed door** prior to entry.

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This violates **PACE Code C**, which requires:

- Lawful access
 - Visual identification
 - Clear comprehension and acknowledgment of the caution.
- Without direct contact, the **Police Caution** is “**Legally Invalid.**” This undermines the arrest’s enforceability and must be scrutinized in court.
 - Chan’s Role Misrepresented:**
Williams describes **PC Chan (2464NA)** as receiving the enforcer and breaching the door. However:
 - Wilson-Wallis attributes enforcer use to 2464NA**, not Chan!
 - Wilson-Wallis’s statement:** “*Once arriving at the scene, I brought PC 2464NA the enforcer to help break the door in whilst this was going on at 21 :16 PC.*”
 - Chan’s own MG11 omits his badge number out!**
 - Obsiye’s statement confirms Chan is 1405NA, not 2464NA, as Pc Wilson-Wallis attributes.**
 - This creates “**Badge Number Ambiguity,**” and the obstructs from the prosecuting teams to disclose working copies of all attending police officers **BWV Footage**, raises serious questions about Police officer “**Identity And Accountability, As It Seems To Be Hiding The Truth About Official Frauded Documentation By The Police Officers Involved.**”

Officer Index Confusion:

Officer Name	Badge Number	Role Claimed
PC George Wilson-Wallis	1456NA	NA30L Operator
PC Reece Williams	1675NA	NA30L Driver
PC Obsiye	1543NA	Arresting Officer, Leg Restraint
PC Chan	1405NA/2464NA	Enforcer, Taser, Entry
Unknown Officer	2464NA	Enforcer User (if not Chan)
Unknown Officer	2546NA	Leg Restraint (second set)

This table reveals “**Two Unnamed Officers**” and “**Badge Number Inconsistencies,**” suggesting either:

- “FABRICATED POLICE OFFICERS’ IDENTITIES”** and / or.
- “DELIBERATE IDENTIFICATION OBFUSCATIONS.”**

Call Sign Confusion:

- NA22L**: Chan and Obsiye’s unit
- NA30L**: Williams and Wilson-Wallis’ van
- NA22N**: Mentioned as the unit left with Simon but “**Not Listed In Police Or CPS Disclosed Files, Such As CAD Logs.**”

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This mislabeling is being wrongly used to:

- Distance **PC Calvin Chan** from his Gross Misconduct and negligent act that led to Mr. Simon Paul Cordell medical injuries.
- Create confusion in the chain of custody, to wrongly waver legal responsibility away from **NA22L**: Chan and Obsiye's police mobile unit and so that they can avoid accountability for post-arrest due care responsibilities.



Legal Precedent:

a) O'HARA V CHIEF CONSTABLE OF THE RUC (1997)

- The House of Lords ruled that an arrest is only lawful if the officer had "**Reasonable Grounds To Suspect The Specific Offence**" at the time, "**Not One Substituted Later.**"

In this Case:

- a. Arrest was for "**Harassment.**" as confirmed in multiple statements!
- b. Charge later reframed to "**Threats To Cause Criminal Damage!**"
- c. No new arrest, caution, or interview occurred!
- This violates "**PACE Code C**" and supports a challenge to the charge's admissibility.

The Police and CPS, Trap for Defendants:

- In most cases, defendants "**Cannot Prove**" the arrest was for a different offence unless:
 - a. The "**Police Admit It**" in their statements (**As They Have Here).**
 - b. There's "**Clear Documentation**" showing the original arrest basis (e.g., CAD logs, BWV footage, custody records).
 - c. The defence team "**Challenges The Procedural Timeline**" and demands disclosure.
- Without that admission, courts often assume the charge and arrest were aligned, even if they weren't.

Eyewitness & Medical Neglect:

- Upon exiting the building, I was told "**No Ambulance Would Be Dispatched.**" despite visible distress. It was only thanks to my neighbours, especially **Saheed**, who personally called emergency services, that an ambulance arrived. This occurred as "**I Collapsed Again Outside.**" confirming the severity of my injuries.

BWV Reliability:

- Williams admits he "**Did Not Review His BWV (RAW/01)**" prior to writing the statement. This weakens its reliability and opens it to challenge under evidentiary standards.

	<u>Legal Significance of our findings!</u>
	<u>These contradictions affect:</u> All police officers' statements in regards towards! a. <u>Credibility of officer testimony.</u>

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- b. Chain of responsibility for use of force.
- c. Procedural accuracy in the arrest narrative.
- d. Misrepresentation of roles in official documentation.

- In the statement titled “05. PC Chan Pdf,” PC Chan is identified as “Calvin Chan,” but his “Badge Number Is Not Explicitly Listed” in the document.

Here’s what we can confirm:

- The statement header includes:
 - a. Name: Calvin Chan
 - b. Call sign: NA22L (shared with PC Obsiye)
 - c. Date of statement: 02/08/2025
 - d. Exhibit reference: CKC/01 (Chan’s BWV)
- However, unlike other officers (e.g., PC Williams 1675NA), Chan’s “Collar Number Or Warrant ID” is not included in the MG11 form or continuation pages.
- PC Chan’s badge number is 1405NA, as confirmed in both:
 - a. Obsiye’s statement: “I was working alongside PC Chan “1405NA as NA22L”
 - b. Chan’s own statement: While his MG11 doesn’t list the badge number directly, Obsiye’s cross-reference confirms it.
- This aligns Chan with the call sign “NA22L,” and his BWV is exhibited as “CKC/01.”
- In the statement titled “07. PC Williams Pdf,” PC Chan is explicitly identified with the badge number “2464na.”
- Here’s the relevant line from Williams’ account:
 - a. “At approx. 2100hrs NA22L PC CHAN 2464NA and PC OBSIYE 1543NA called for a van...”
- This confirms Chan’s collar number as “2464NA,” aligning him with call sign “NA22L” and the enforcer entry described in multiple statements.
- Would you like me to update your officer index or embed this into your contradiction map for BWV cross-referencing? It’s a key identifier for exhibit tagging.
- In the statement by PC George Wilson-Wallis, PC Chan is identified with the badge number 2464NA.
- This is confirmed in the line:
 - a. “In this statement I will be referring to myself, PC WILLIAMS 1675NA, 1543NA and 2464NA...”
- Since PC Obsiye is “1543NA” and Williams is 1675NA, the remaining

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identifier, "**2464NA**," belongs to "**PC Chan**."

- This aligns with other statements and confirms Chan's active role in the arrest and use of the enforcer. Let me know if you'd like this embedded into your officer index or used to tag "**BWV CKC/01**" for cross-reference.

Police Officers Involved

Attache to call sign: NA30L.

NA30L was called out, by

PC CHAN 2464NA = NA22L

PC OBSIYE 1543NA = NA22L

and the operator was PC George Wilson-Wallis 1456NA.

The case is: CAD 6844/02AUG25.

And this is the CAD log: NA22L on 02/08/**2025**.

- a) **As Simon did not like us** and was being more "**Aggressive Towards Us**" and NA22L "**We Have**" left Simon with **NA22N** and gone outside. Simon has eventually been taken in an ambulance to NMH. I have not watched my BWV prior to writing this statement and it is true to the best of my knowledge. I exhibit my BWV as RAW/01.

Mr. Simon Paul Cordells Additional Statement 5

Statement Regarding Arrest and Use of Force at 109 Burncroft Avenue – 02/08/2025

- **The First Officers Who Arrived At My Door Were Met With A Calm And Reasonable Request:** that I be allowed to attend the police station voluntarily at a later date, in line with my "**Medical Note And Scheduled Operation**." I explained my situation clearly, yet they showed no regard for my health condition, nor did they acknowledge that I had "**No Prior Warnings, No Criminal History, And Had Committed No Offence**." There was "**No Immediate Risk**," I had been inside for over "**30 Minutes**," alone, still in my "**Pyjamas**," and entirely non-threatening.
- Despite this, PC Chan exited the building and returned moments later with a "**Battering Ram (Enforcer)**." At that time, I was attempting to "**Slide My Medical Note Under The Door**" for PC Obsiye to read. She refused to engage with it and appeared determined to escalate the situation unnecessarily.
- Chan then "**Forced The Door Open**," immediately threw the enforcer to the floor, and I instinctively stepped back, "**Holding The Medical Note Above My Head**," a moment clearly captured on "**Body-Worn Video (BWV)**." As confirmed in my "**MG11 Statement Submitted To Tuckers Solicitors**," Chan "**Aimed The Stun Gun At My Head**" and "**Threatened**

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To Shoot Me In The Face” if I didn’t drop the note. His behaviour was **“Aggressive, Reckless, And Entirely Disproportionate”**. If the BWV footage has not been tampered with or concealed, it will demonstrate this clearly.

- I was **“Not Resisting.”** Nonetheless, Chan struck me over the head with his **stun gun**, causing me to **“Collapse Backwards Onto My Sofa.”** screaming in pain and confusion. At that moment, **“No Other Officers Were Present.”**
- PC Obsiye then targeted my **“Legs.”** despite my repeated warnings about the location of my **“Hernia.”** which I had explained to her multiple times. This too is documented on BWV. I was eventually **“Dragged To The Floor.”** with Chan on top of me while Obsiye continued to **“Apply Pressure And Communicate Via Radio.”**
- As I cried out for help, I repeatedly shouted to Chan, **“Get Me An Ambulance!”** to which he responded, **“I’m Not Getting You One.”** This exchange is also captured on BWV and must be disclosed in full.
- When additional officers arrived, they appeared **“Shocked By The Conduct Of Chan And Obsiye.”** They instructed both to **“Leave The Flat Immediately.”** which they did. The new officers **“Removed My Leg Restraints.”** helped me **“Stand Slowly.”** and allowed me to **“Gather My Belongings And Secure What Remained Of My Home.”**
- Upon exiting the building, I was informed that **“No Ambulance Would Be Dispatched.”** despite my repeated pleas and visible distress. It was only thanks to my neighbours—whose **“Witness Statements, Including That Of Saheed.”** confirm the truth—that emergency services were contacted. Saheed personally called for medical assistance, and the ambulance crew **“Agreed To Attend Immediately.”** This occurred just as I stepped outside and **“Collapsed Again In Pain.”** further confirming the severity of the injuries I had sustained and the **“Urgent Need For Medical Intervention.”** Their actions were not only compassionate, but they were also **“Lifesaving.”** Without their intervention, I would have been left without care, despite the presence of multiple officers and my clear medical distress.

Structural Breakdown:

“At approx. 2100hrs “NA 22L” PC CHAN 2464NA and PC OBSIYE 1543NA called for a van not on the hurry up”

- **“NA 22L”**: This is a **call sign** for a mobile patrol unit. But the spacing—**“NA 22L”** instead of the standard **“NA22L”**—implies a **“Separation Of Responsibility”** or a deliberate attempt to

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“Distance The Unit From The Officers Named After.”

- a. PC CHAN 2464NA
- b. PC OBSIYE 1543NA



Forensic Timeline Integrity Table

Officer	Statement Date	Claimed Time	Role	Contradiction
PC Wilson-Wallis	02/08/2025	21:16	Witness to arrest	Misidentifies suspect; not present upstairs, BWV not reviewed!
PC Obsiye	01/08/2025	0700–1600	Arresting officer	Date/time impossible; backdated statement, BWV not reviewed!
PC Chan	02/08/2025	1300	Passive witness	Time mismatch: did not receive allegation, BWV not reviewed!
PC Williams	30/08/2022:	2100	Late arrival	Wrong year: BWV not reviewed!

Witness Signature:

Signature Witnessed by Signature:

Page 1 of 2

01/21

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE [when complete]

RESTRICTED (when complete)

MG11C

Continuation of Statement of:

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Witness Signature:
Signature Witnessed by Signature:
Page 2 of 2



OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE [when complete]

MG11

WITNESS STATEMENT

Criminal Procedure Rules, r27. 2; Criminal Justice Act 1967, s. 9; Magistrates' Courts Act 1930, s.5B

URN

Statement of: +

Age if under 18: Over (if over 18 insert 'over 18') Occupation: Police Constable

This statement (consisting of 2 page{s) each signed by me) is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I make it knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence, I shall be liable to prosecution if I have wilfully stated in it anything which I know to be false, or do not believe to be true.

Witness Signature:

Date: +

Defence Statement: Absence of Intent and Recklessness as well as Procedural Breach

- Despite never being lawfully arrested or interviewed under caution for the offence of "**Threats To Cause Criminal Damage (Criminal Damage Act 1971, S.2)**," I am still being prosecuted for it. This alone constitutes a **procedural irregularity**. But more critically, the "**Prosecution Must Prove Intent**," and that element is entirely unsupported by the evidence.

Legal Standard: Intent Must Be Proven

- Under the "**Criminal Damage Act 1971**," a conviction for threats to cause criminal damage requires the prosecution to establish:
 - a) That the alleged threat was made
 - b) That the accused intended the recipient to believe the - threat would be carried out
 - c) That the accused intended or was reckless as to whether damage would occur

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- This is not a matter of assumption or hearsay. **“Intent Must Be Proven Through Facts, Not Inference.”**

No Evidence of Intent Found Upon Detention

- When I was detained, **“No Physical, Digital, Or Circumstantial Evidence”** was found that could support intent to carry out any criminal damage. Specifically:
 - a) **No Explosives**: of any kind—wired or wireless—were found
 - b) **No Detonation Mechanism**: accelerant, or triggering device was recovered
 - c) I was still in **“Blue Chequered Pyjamas,”** as described by Rebecca O’Hare, **“No Coat, No Shoes, No Change Of Clothes,”** which would suggest intent to leave the property
 - d) **No Petrol Container**: nor any indication I was heading to a petrol station
 - e) **No Lighter**: or ignition source was found in my possession
 - f) **My Mobile Phone Was Seized And Examined**: yet:
 - 1+ No text messages suggesting coordination or planning
 - 2+ No call logs indicating communication with any third party
 - 3+ No internet searches or notes that could imply preparation or motive

Contextual Reality vs Allegation

- The allegation, **“I’ll Blow Up Your Car, No One Will Know It Was Me”**—originates solely from **“Rebecca O’Hare’s Statement,”** not from any police officer or corroborating witness. Crucially, she describes me as **“Wearing Blue Checkered Pajamas With My Back Turned,”** meaning I was **“Retreating Into My Own Flat,”** not advancing toward her or making any physical threat.
- **The Alleged Threat Was:**
 - a) Not witnessed by anyone else
 - b) Not captured on BWV or CCTV
 - c) Not supported by any physical or digital evidence

Breakdown of Legal Requirements and Evidentiary Failure

- To secure a conviction under **“Threats To Cause Criminal Damage,”** the prosecution must prove:

Legal Element	Required Proof	Evidentiary Reality
1. A threat was made	Verbal or written threat	Solely alleged by O’Hare, no witness, no recording
2. Intended recipient to believe it would be carried out	Fear or reaction from victim	Exhibits show no follow-up, no immediate action, no corroboration
3. Intended or was reckless as to whether damage would occur	Preparatory actions or materials	None found —no tools, no plan, no movement toward execution

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Precedent: O'Hara v Chief Constable of the RUC (1997)

- **This case established that:**
 - a. *"Suspicion by itself will not justify an arrest. There must be a factual basis for it... and the arresting officer must be able to articulate what offence they believed was being committed."*

In my case:

- I was arrested for "**Harassment**," not criminal damage.
- No officer articulated "**Criminal Damage**" as the arresting offence.
- The charge was "**Retrospectively Substituted**," violating the principle of lawful arrest.

Conclusion: No Intent, No Grounds

- The prosecution cannot prove intent because:
 - a. There was "**No Physical Evidence**."
 - b. There was "**No Behavioral Evidence**."
 - c. There was "**No Digital Evidence**."
 - d. There was "**No Lawful Arrest For The Charge Being Tried**."
- This trial proceeds on a "**Retrospective Substitution Of Charges**," unsupported by facts and in breach of legal standards. The absence of intent is not just a gap, it is a "**Fatal Flaw**" in the prosecution's case.

Recklessness: Legally Invalid

- To claim recklessness, the prosecution must show that "**Damage Occurred Or Was Likely To Occur**." In this case:
 - a. No damage occurred.
 - b. No attempt was made.
 - c. No materials or actions were present that could have caused damage!
- Therefore, the "**Recklessness Element Collapses**," and the charge becomes "**Factually And Legally Unsustainable**."

Witness Signature:

Signature Witnessed by Signature:

Page 1 of 2

01/21

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE [when complete]

RESTRICTED (when complete)

MG11C

Continuation of Statement of:

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Witness Signature:
Signature Witnessed by Signature:
Page 2 of 2



Key-Screenshot– Just-Eat-Timining-and-115-Rebbeca -Statement!

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE [when complete]

MG11

WITNESS STATEMENT

Criminal Procedure Rules, r27. 2; Criminal Justice Act 1967, s. 9; Magistrates' Courts Act 1930, s.5B

URN

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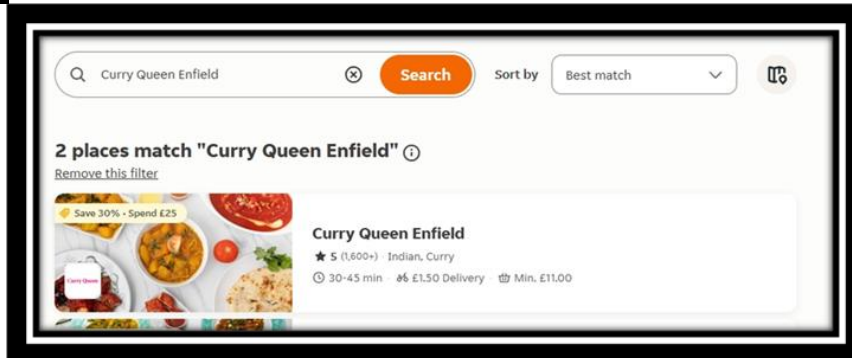
Witness Signature:

Date: +

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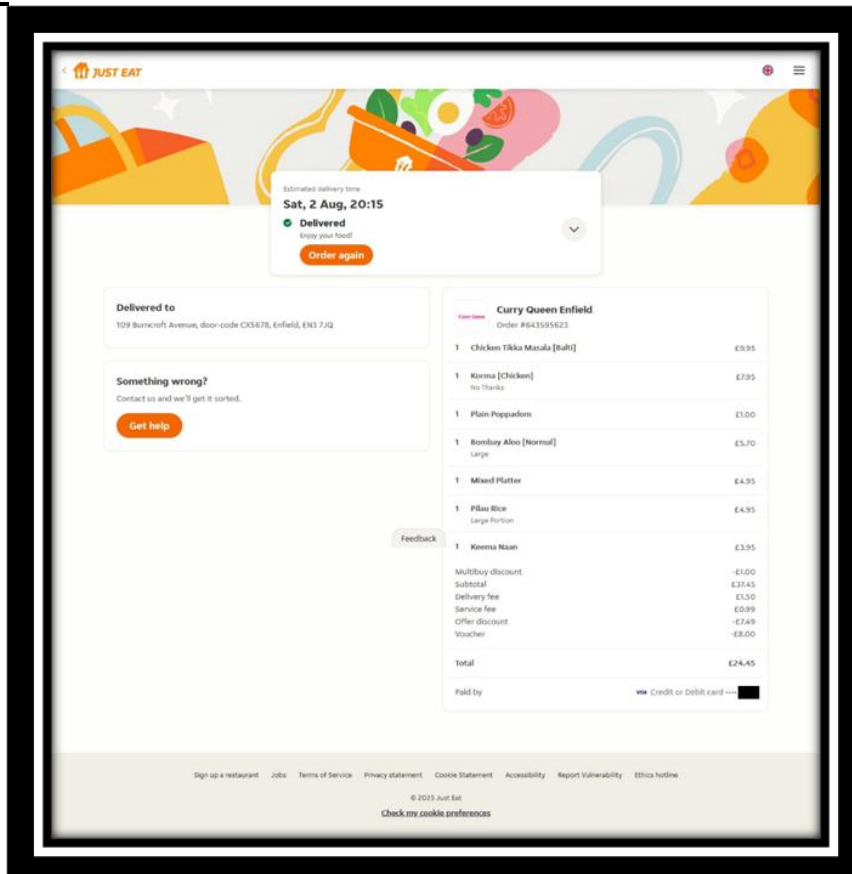
01. The reason that we have adduced this exhibit into these proceedings is as listed below!

Evidence: Exhibit A1 /



- **30 to 45 mins wait time for delivery.**

Evidence: Exhibit A2 /



- **Delivered Say 02 Aug 2025 20:15Pm**

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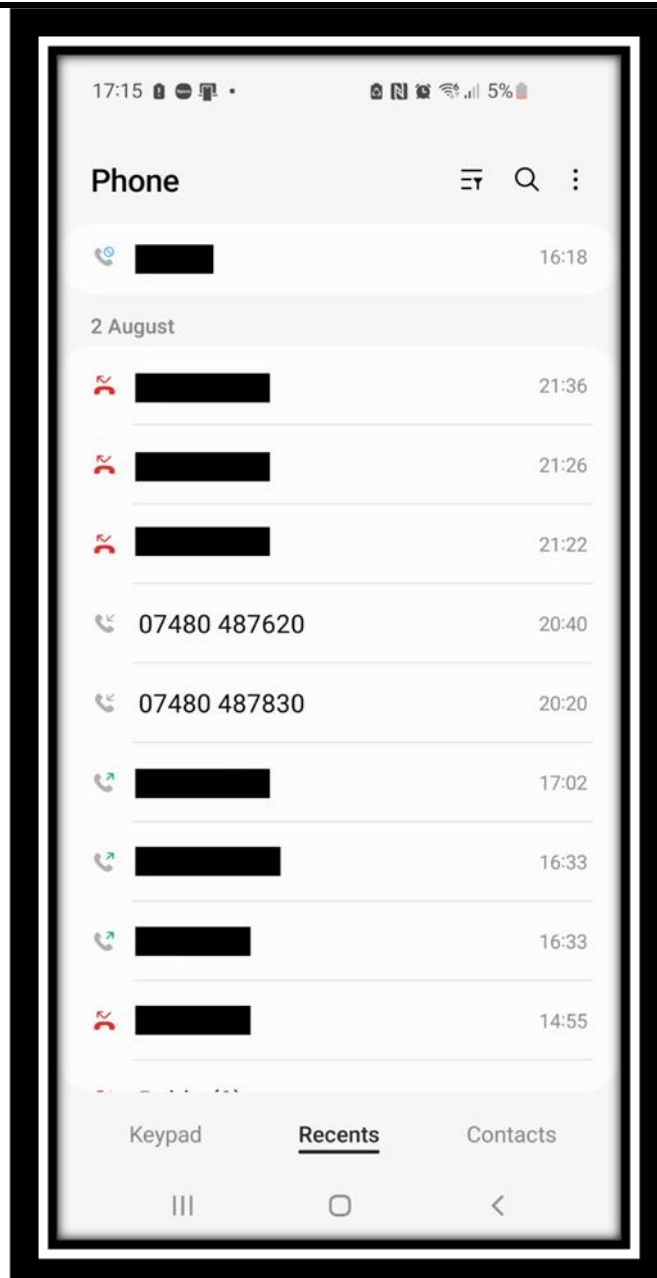
Evidence: Exhibit A3 /



- 2.8 miles there and 2.8 miles back approximately 16 mins

Evidence: Exhibit A4 /

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- Both telephone numbers have the same phone number starting digits = **07480 487 ***** and this proves that they are from the same company that I ordered food from in **Exhibit A1 /.**
- The time of first call is as follows: **20:20Pm** this is when the food was first delivered to Mr. Simon Paul Cordell.
- Time of second call is time logged as: **20:40Pm** and is the time of when the delivery driver re returned back with the missing food.

Exhibit Bundle: Just Eat Delivery, Timeline Contradictions & Procedural Breakdown

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- **Exhibit A: Just Eat Order Confirmation – Timestamped Alibi**
 - a) **Order Number:** 654529129
 - b) **Delivery Date & Time:** Saturday, **02 August 2025 at 20:15**
 - c) **Delivery Address:** 109 Burncroft Avenue, Enfield, EN2 7AE
 - d) **Clarification:** This address is “**Equivalent To 109 Burncroft Avenue,**” your legal residence.
 - e) **Payment Method:** Credit/Debit Card ending in **

Delivery Wait Time: Exhibit A1 /

- The listing states a **30–45-minute average delivery window**, which helps estimate the time it took for the driver to return with missing items.
- This time marker is crucial for establishing your **location and activity window**, especially when cross-referenced with your **telephone records** (attached in the next exhibit).

Exhibit A2 /: Timeline Contradiction – Rebecca O’Hare’s Allegation vs. Proven Activity

Event	Time	Source
Just Eat order delivered	20:15	Screenshot evidence
Alleged threat outside Burncroft for Rebecca O’Hare statement	20:00 20:30	(PC Obsiye MG11C) states that
Arrest at 109 Burncroft	21:16	PC Obsiye, PC Williams, PC Wilson-Wallis
Defendants Tell log entry, First Arrival of delivery driver!	02 August 2025	Personal documentation
Defendants Tell log entry, Second Time of delivery drivers Arrival.	02 August 2025	

Officer	Statement Date	Claimed Time	Role	Contradiction
PC Wilson-Wallis	02/08/2025	21:16	Witness to arrest	Misidentifies suspect; not present upstairs, BWV not reviewed!
PC Obsiye	01/08/2025	0700–1600	Arresting officer	Date/time impossible; backdated statement, BWV not reviewed!
PC Chan	02/08/2025	1300	Passive	Time mismatch: did not receive

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			witness	allegation, BWV not reviewed!
PC Williams	30/08/2022:	2100	Late arrival	Wrong year; BWV not reviewed!

Rebbeca O'Hare: Has no timeline of incidents other than she waited to bring the children in so she did not see me and that She left straight away to get the nappies after locking the door.

No Cad call timeline disclosed

Contradiction Summary:

- Rebbeca claims you were **outside Burncroft Avenue threatening her** around the same time the food was delivered to your flat.
- Your **receipt, payment trail, and door code** confirm you were **inside your residence**, receiving food and preparing to eat.
- Your **diary and tell logs** document your activities and reinforce your **non-presence at the alleged scene**.

Witness Signature:

Signature Witnessed by Signature:

Page 1 of 2

01/21

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE [when complete]

RESTRICTED (when complete)

MG11C

Continuation of Statement of:

Witness Signature:

Signature Witnessed by Signature:

Page 2 of 2

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Statement of Events – 14th August 2025

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE [when complete]

MG11

WITNESS STATEMENT

Criminal Procedure Rules, r27. 2; Criminal Justice Act 1967, s. 9; Magistrates' Courts Act 1930, s.5B

URN

Statement of: +

Age if under 18: Over (if over 18 insert 'over 18') Occupation: Police Constable

This statement (consisting of 2 page{s) each signed by me) is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I make it knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence, I shall be liable to prosecution if I have wilfully stated in it anything which I know to be false, or do not believe to be true.

Witness Signature:

Date: +

Statement of Events – 14th August 2025 & a Brief description of case build up!

Continuation from entries dated 02/08/2025 and 08/08/2025

- I remain subject to bail conditions that I believe unlawfully restrict my legal rights, as previously outlined in my case documentation. These restrictions appear to stem from misapplications of the Bail Act 1974 and the Sentencing and Bail Act 2022, and were influenced by the following breaches:
 - a) Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 (PACE) – which requires proper arrest and interview procedures.
 - b) Code C of PACE – guarantees access to legal representation while in custody.
 - c) Article 6 of the Human Rights Act 1998 – ensures the right to a fair trial and legal advice.
 - d) Crown Prosecution Service Code for Crown Prosecutors – mandates that charges must be based on sufficient evidence and public interest.
- **What I have request so far but cannot be acknowledged until legal aid is granted is the following:**
 -
 - a) A letter to the judges from my father
 - b) My MG11 witness statement
 - c) An impact statement regarding the wrongly imposed bail conditions
 - d) A formal request for permission to travel to Turkey **“Not That It Should Ever Be Needed”**
 - e) An email to Tuckers Solicitors titled **“Urgent Request For Legal Support And Disclosure Of Evidence”**

Arrest and Detention – 02/08/2025

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- I was wrongly arrested on 02/08/2025 on suspicion of harassment, linked to events dating back to 1997 and still taking a place till date of the 15/08/2025, these claims involve Rebecca O'Hare since late 2017 and onwards till the date of the 02/08/2025 and are thoroughly documented in my personal diary, which is publicly hosted on my website. I have compiled extensive evidence supporting my account, including video recordings, written statements, and legal correspondence for her illegal actions she takes against me and my property.
- It is my firm belief that Rebecca has been unlawfully enabled by certain government officials to harass and intimidate me within my own home, often in coordination with other neighbours. I am not alone in this assertion—multiple individuals are prepared to testify in court regarding her actions and the broader pattern of misconduct that has affected my living conditions.
 - a. Undisclosed Name Witness 1
 - b. Undisclosed Name Witness 2
- Rebecca is aware that I have been documenting her behaviour, with others and this includes videos audio recordings, text, mostly from inside my own home and all at the Enfield councils request due to the diary they asked me to fill in but now won't accept
 - a. Enfield Councils Diary, they made me fill in.
- I can prove this has prompted retaliatory actions, including even more false allegations and fabricated reports. These have been communicated to police, council authorities, and neighbourhood teams and prior courts all of whom have been repeatedly **informed** of the situation. I currently hold over 200 records detailing her and others illegal conduct and my attempts to seek lawful protection from her and others, but all requests made by me and others have consistently wrongly been denied.
- The arrest on 02/08/2025 was triggered by yet another false telephone report made by Rebecca, consistent with a pattern of fabricated complaints previously disproven by myself and others and her hatred allowed the police to act yet again in gross misconduct against me, this has become a life endangering situation for me that is unjust and unmoral off officials persons who aid in these crimes against me while abusing their powers of trust and this also includes other civil persons apart from Rebecca O'Hare, who have also take apart alike.
- The abuse of police power started from the second of their arrival, the hammering with their fists on my front door in a way to intimidate a person to run in self-defence so they can chase you like pray, never caused me to run out of my backdoor. I stood my ground and asked who was present and what they wanted. Me in my Pajamers and with a medial note in my had led to the door being broken in. in was badly assaulted with the use of a stun gun that was used to hit me across the head rather than be discharged at me after it laser was directed directly into my eyesight ready to kill me. Lead to the woman officer who had been at the door and refused to hold any fair police values entered and joined in with her male assistant who she had ordered to do as he had done by breaking the door down unnecessarily and continuing with his own illegal action, he used more than bruit force after breaking the door down he was like a man on steroids ready to commit a crime. The police body cams will prove all of this. I was refused an ambulance and shouted at for asking for one as they took my medical note for post-surgery two-day prior onto the floor. More police offices rushed to their assistance but realised the force and told the officers to leave. I see the female officer outside and she was refusing to take statement of my

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neighbours who see what happened and new I was innocent, I questioned her doing so and she refused to change her stance, and this was while the cameras were still rolling. It took my neighbours too call the ambulance as the police were lining and saying I'm not that important to the ambulance people and for that reason they won't attend, this was a lie to cover up the truth.

- I was taken to hospital and keep till there **04/08/2025** later transferred to Wood Green Police Station, where I was booked in at approximately 8:00 AM. I was interviewed in the presence of both an appropriate adult and my solicitor, who departed following the interview around 7:00 PM.
- At approximately midnight, while still in custody, a police sergeant informed me that the case would be dropped, and I would be released shortly. However, it became clear that the permitted detention period was being misused. I was going to held from 8:00 AM on the 4th until 8:00 AM on the 5th then released only upon staff changeover and without charge. This extended detention exceeded lawful custody hours, particularly from midnight to 8:00 AM.
- Throughout my time in the cell, I voiced my concerns repeatedly to the custody officer and other staff, both verbally and via the intercom. I maintained a fair and reasonable tone, but my requests were ignored for hours. When communication was eventually permitted, I was told my appropriate adult was asleep and the police would not disturb them and these hours. The same response was given when I requested access to legal counsel. I was also denied the right to speak with a duty solicitor.
- Ultimately, the harassment case was dropped. However, at the custody desk, I was informed of this in a manner that bypassed my own decision-making. A phone call was made to a government-based scheme that allowed them to obtain their own appropriate adult without my consent or my mandated appropriate adults consents, despite prior arrangements for my release being agreed with them for them to pick me up. I had made clear that my appropriate adult must be contacted for pick-up regardless of the time. I was also refused bail due to an error: the alleged victim claimed I had been prosecuted or arrested twice before due to her. I challenged this and directed the custody officer to my criminal record, which confirms I have not been arrested or found guilty in the past 25 years, and have never been arrested due to her but he again refused right and set the laws illegally against me. Latter another police sergeant who had changed shifts proposed deal with me and in turn I agreed, and he explained the errors I found in my criminal record were fabricated I have prior documented this down in more detail my mg11 statement and due to all I left the police station in a secure van to go to Highbury and Islington on Magistrates Court.

Court Proceedings – 04/08/2025

- I was taken to Highbury and Islington Court under circumstances I believe involved coercion, as detailed in my MG11 statement. I was denied the right to speak or explain the circumstances of my arrest. Despite managing to raise my concerns more than once, the court refused to initiate an inquiry into my truthful account. Instead, I was granted bail to my sister's address with a GPS tag and prohibited from entering Burncroft Avenue.
- Although the judges appeared to grasp the essence of my concerns, they declined to address them and imposed further restrictions. I believe this outcome was influenced by manipulation related to my background and communications made to the court regarding entries in my criminal record, entries that are not held in the Courts registry's and are currently being challenged through the appropriate

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channels. The court refused to address these discrepancies and instead placed me under unlawful restrictions.

- These prior communications may have led court staff to misrepresent the case against me, without any lawful evidence. It appears the case is being used recklessly as leverage to fabricate a criminal record, following multiple failed attempts in the past—attempts that relied on inaccurate PNC/ACRO intelligence, as well as frauded official government documents, developed to set me up completely.

Bail Address and Compliance

- Following the court hearing, my mother contacted the court via email to explain that my sister's home was not suitable for me to stay in. She requested authorisation for me to reside at my grandmother's address. We received two email confirmations from Highbury and Islington Court approving this change, along with a new court date of **08/08/2025** for finalisation of my bail conditions.
- Since arriving at the bail address, I have remained fully compliant and have not returned to Burncroft Avenue.

Events of 14/08/2025

Ongoing Impact of Unjust Bail Conditions and Fabricated Judicial Records

- To maintain focus and productivity, I have been organising my legal documentation and assisting with home improvements. These efforts have helped me remain grounded despite the ongoing impact of unjust bail conditions and curfews; restrictions imposed through decisions made by police, judiciary, and prosecuting teams. Many of these decisions relate to cases I have successfully contested over the course of my life.
- One such injustice involves an Anti-Social Behaviour Order (ASBO) issued by Highbury & Islington Court, which I can now prove was heavily forged and unlawfully granted. This ASBO resulted in a wrongful eight-year curfew, which overlapped with the COVID-19 pandemic. I am now 43 years old and have been subjected to curfew restrictions since the age of 15, as reflected in my criminal record and its numerous NFA (No Further Action) entries. The situation worsened significantly from the age of 32, with the continued involvement of Highbury & Islington Court. I have been effectively locked down ever since, most recently out of fear of retaliation stemming from gross misconduct by officials.
- These restrictions were imposed for crimes I did not commit, based on flawed case reviews and decisions made by the same court. Notably, the court has acknowledged that several of the cases used to justify these restrictions do not exist in their own registries. But now, with more time to examine the documentation provided to us, I can confidently assert that the entire record has been fabricated, either by individuals within the court's reviewing team or by police personnel involved in case preparation.

Fabricated Records, Judicial Acknowledgment, and the Destruction of Family Life

- This pattern of falsified documentation, unlawful curfews, and systemic obstruction has denied me basic freedoms and severely disrupted my family life. During one hearing, the judges themselves acknowledged, on record and in direct address to the prosecutor—that I had not been convicted of a crime or offence for over 25 years. This admission, while accurate, further highlighted the contradiction between my actual record and the fabricated narrative being used to justify ongoing restrictions. It undermined my legal standing and exposed a clear violation of procedural fairness that must be addressed.

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- These prolonged and unjust restrictions have denied me the opportunity to build a stable family life, including relationships with a partner, wife, and siblings. The flat I currently reside in was renovated in preparation for a partner. Yet despite this, I can clearly demonstrate that two injunction orders and two housing possession orders were fabricated against me and facilitated in part by individuals such as Rebecca O'Hare, who actively victimised me throughout my legal process.
- The emotional and physical toll of this victimisation has been devastating. Rebecca and others, through coordinated harassment and interference in my private life, inflicted severe psychological stress on both me and my partners. As a direct result of this sustained abuse, I lost three unborn children across three separate relationships. These events occurred since she moved into the flats and copycatted other victimising me. She moved in between late 2017 and 2018, shortly after Rebecca moved into the area. The pattern of behaviour was not incidental, it was deliberate, malicious, and carried out as if it were a form of entertainment or sport, and government officials refused to arrest her no matter who or what we exhibited of her illegal actions and others, that took place against me and other persons.
- These actions amount to torture, both psychological and procedural, mental torture and physical torture are two of a kind and protected under our Human Rights and due to official persons actions, this represents a gross abuse of legal systems, housing frameworks, and human rights. The cumulative impact has been the erosion of my ability to live freely, safely, and with dignity.
- In addition, the police have continued to construct a false mental health record, despite there being no formal diagnosis of any mental health condition and another officially frauded document was handed to the judges in these proceeding of such a kind. After being deliberately fabricated by themselves.
- This has been deliberately done with intent for years now and still hold no legal bases against me in fact it proves fraud the other way and is well documented by myself due to the illegal crimes committed in the past when the Government bodies involved acted in a joint circular coordination with the neighbourhood watch team, Enfield Council, and certain neighbours resulting in a further five years of unlawful processes. Then the COVID-19 pandemic compounded these restrictions, isolating me even more.
- This situation is unjust, and I believe it must be formally addressed and rectified due to these proceedings.

Wrongful Arrest – 14/08/2025: A Breakdown of Safeguards

- At approximately 6:00 AM on **14th August 2025**, I began decorating the property I am housed in and what is an act of personal discipline and respect for myself and elders, which is what allows me to focus under illegal imposed, restrictive bail conditions. While working alone, I heard a knock at the front door. Upon answering, I was confronted by two female police officers and one male officer. Their urgency and physical positioning suggested a clear intent to enter without consent, raising immediate concerns about the legality and motive behind their visit.
- When asked why they were there, they stated I was wanted for breach of electronic tag conditions. I calmly explained that this must be an error. I had attended Highbury & Islington Court on **8th August**

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2025, where I was granted permission to reside at my grandmother's address from 4th August onward. This was confirmed via email correspondence between my mother and the court.

- Despite offering to show them this evidence—including solicitor letters received that morning and documentation available on my website—they refused to engage. One female officer attempted to push her way into the property. I ensured her safety while closing the door to prevent unlawful entry. Their refusal to listen prompted me to secure the front windows, fearing forced access.
- Before I could retrieve my phone to contact my mother, I heard a loud bang at the door. Concerned about damage, I shouted that I would open it voluntarily. I did so immediately, just before they attempted to kick it again.
- Once inside, the officers attempted to restrain me without offering a clear explanation or acknowledging any of the evidence I presented. I demanded clarity. The female officer repeated that I was wanted for breach of tag due to not being present at my sister's address on the 5th and 6th of August. I explained again that I had been granted permission to stay at my grandmother's address since the 4th, and that this was confirmed by the court. I showed them the tag installed on my leg and offered to present all supporting documentation. They refused to engage.
- It became clear I was being deliberately misrepresented and unlawfully detained. I stated this directly to the officers as they placed me in the police van. I asked how they had located my current address unless they had accessed CAD records or been informed of the second bail address. I pointed out they were executing an outdated warrant, despite my residence at this address only being disclosed in court on 08/08/2025.
- After being placed in the police van, I asked why the officers had not contacted the tagging company to verify my location. The lead officer did not respond. Upon arrival at the station, it was evident that the female arresting officer, who had acted as the primary instigator, had heard everything I said both at my bail address and during transport. She rushed into the station immediately upon arrival, while the second female officer and the male officer, who had remained more passive throughout, escorted me from the van and placed me on a bench in the police car park.
- While seated, I engaged in conversation with the male officer. He reiterated what he had said earlier at my front door: that the situation did not seem right. He acknowledged that the warrant was issued for the 5th and 6th of August 2025 and repeatedly stated that my electronic tag had been installed on the 11th. I asked him how he knew that, and he claimed I had told him. I clarified that I did not know the exact date of installation—only that it occurred after the 08/08/2025 court hearing.
- A custody officer approached us at the bench. I explained the situation in full, believing he was there to assess whether further action was appropriate. He informed me that I would likely be placed on a secure van by lunchtime and taken to court. I objected, stating that this was unnecessary and could be resolved immediately by contacting my solicitor or the court directly. He responded with a remark similar to the sergeant's earlier comment—that if police alone managed such matters, they might be better handled.

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- I disagreed and outlined the failure of all four safeguards meant to protect individuals in my position:
 - a) **Courts:** failed to update the tagging company after the **08/08/2025** hearing.
 - b) **Tagging Company:** installed the tag at the new bail address but failed to cancel the outdated warrant.
 - c) **Police:** accessed CAD records and found the new address but still executed the outdated warrant.
 - d) **CPS** failed to review and update the case across both police and court systems.
- The custody officer listened but did not act. The sergeant who had previously dismissed my concerns walked past and, without further comment, instructed the arresting officer to “**put him in there.**” I was placed in a temporary holding cell to await further processing.
- Later, a new custody officer brought me to the booking desk. He treated me fairly and appeared to recognise the inconsistencies. He stated that the computer showed I was barred from both my new bail address and Burncroft Avenue. I challenged this, stating that it was fabricated and contradicted the court’s own communications. He replied that he was simply reading what was on the system and could not verify external sources. I asked him to contact my solicitor firm—he knew who they were—but refused, stating he could not trust information from them.
- While this conversation was ongoing, I noticed the same sergeant who had previously set me up without interview or lawful arrest. He was now behind the desk, appearing to begin his shift. I addressed him directly, stating: “**You Are The Sergeant Who Set Me Up The Other Morning.**” He did not respond. I waited until he was no longer busy and repeated myself. Still no reply.
- Frustrated, I raised my voice and stated clearly: “**You Must Answer Me, Considering Your Job Title.**” He finally replied, confirming: “**Yes, I Am The Officer From The Other Day.**” I then explained the consequences of his actions—that his misconduct had led to my unlawful arrest, the illegal placement of a monitoring tag around my leg, and the denial of legal representation. I asked whether he had deliberately orchestrated my presence at the station. He did not respond.

Video Link Hearing and Custody Exit – 14/08/2025

- I was held in a cell and later informed that I would not be taken to court in person. Instead, a video link hearing would be conducted—further distancing me from the opportunity to present my case directly and transparently.
- As I was escorted through the station toward the video link room, I passed the custody desk where the officer responsible for my unlawful detention was seated. I spoke aloud, stating clearly that he had caused me immense suffering and that I would be filing a formal complaint against him. I was then brought into the video link room, where I saw three judges, a court clerk, and the prosecutor. I had no legal representation.
- A voice addressed me, and when I asked who it was, I was told it was the court clerk. I showed the tag on my leg to all present and explained that I had not been arrested for the original charge, and that I had complied fully with all judicial orders. I addressed the prosecutor directly, stating that the case was unmerited and unjust. I was told politely to listen.

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- The court informed me that I was being released and must attend trial on the 13th of September. I objected, stating that the process was unfair and that the hearing had failed to address the misconduct and procedural breaches. The court was then dismissed.
- Upon exiting the video link room, I was brought back to the custody desk where the same officer—who had orchestrated my unlawful arrest and detention on **04/08/2025**—was present. I spoke loudly so that all could hear: **“You Are Not Booking Me Out Or Handling This Case. Get Someone Else To Do It.”** I reminded him of his actions and stated again that I was logging a formal complaint. He laughed.
- The custody officer who had earlier approached me at the bench stood behind him. The officer responsible for my detention held my property bags and said, **“If You Don’t Leave Now, We Will Force You.”** I replied, **“That Is Illegal.”** They then physically grabbed me by the arms and forcibly escorted me out of the station.
- Once outside, the officer placed my property bags on the pavement and walked back into the station. No paperwork was provided. I was left alone, without documentation, legal support, or acknowledgment of the events that had just occurred.
- **I called my family, who came to collect me and brought me back home.**

Witness Signature:

Signature Witnessed by Signature:

Page 1 of 2

01/21

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE [when complete]

RESTRICTED (when complete)

MG11C

Continuation of Statement of:

Witness Signature:

Signature Witnessed by Signature:

Page 2 of 2

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This is my Third Defence statement

OFFICIAL – SENSITIVE [when complete]

MG11

WITNESS STATEMENT

Criminal Procedure Rules, r27. 2; Criminal Justice Act 1967, s. 9; Magistrates' Courts Act 1930, s.5B

URN

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Statement of: +

Age if under 18: Over (if over 18 insert 'over 18') Occupation: Police Constable

This statement (consisting of 2 page{s) each signed by me) is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and I make it knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence, I shall be liable to prosecution if I have wilfully stated in it anything which I know to be false, or do not believe to be true.

Witness Signature:

Date: +

Witness Signature:

Signature Witnessed by Signature:

Page 1 of 2

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RESTRICTED (when complete)

MG11C

Continuation of Statement of:

Witness Signature:

Signature Witnessed by Signature:

Page 2 of 2

For my new statement

From: Lorraine Cordell <lorraine32@blueyonder.co.uk>

Sent time: 04/02/2018 10:26:09 PM

To: re_wired@ymail.com

Subject: Fwd.: Simon Cordell Bail

Simon, I sent this to the police officer so he knows you can't not attend the police station tomorrow and the police can't say you have not told him

Sent from my iPhone

Begin forwarded message:

From: Lorraine Cordell <lorraine32@bluevonder.co.uk>

Date: 4 February 2018 at 22:18:09 GMT

To: Tahir.Razzaq@met.police.pnn.uk

Subject: Re: Simon Cordell Bail

Dear Tahir Razzaq

My son Simon has been trying to contract you now for over a week, also his solicitor has also tried to contact you.

Simon Cordell DOB: 26/01/2018 is due in court tomorrow he also has his bail to attend the police station to see you, his solicitor said the court takes priority over the police station so, if at all possible, could you rearrange his bail as he will not be able to attend the police station on the 05/02/2018 as he will be at court.

You do have his solicitor's contract and I am sure his solicitor will again try to contact you

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tomorrow; my son is also going to try and call you again in the morning as he was told that is the next time you are on duty.

Regards

Lorraine Cordell Sent from my iPhone

I see what you're driving at, Simon — you want to make sure it's clear that **CPS (Crown Prosecution Service)**, **DPS (Directorate of Professional Standards in the police)**, and **police officers themselves** can also be held accountable if they commit acts that sabotage justice. Let's break this down carefully:

Perverting the Course of Justice (PCJ)

- **Applies to everyone** — not just members of the public.
- That includes **police officers, prosecutors, and officials** if they:
 - Fabricate or destroy evidence
 - Intimidate or coach witnesses
 - Lie in statements or in court
 - Suppress disclosure material
- **Case law confirms** that police officers have been prosecuted for PCJ when they falsify records or mislead investigations. CPS staff could also be liable if they deliberately interfere with justice.

Misconduct in Public Office

- A separate **common law offence** that applies specifically to public officials (police, CPS lawyers, civil servants).
- **Definition:** A public officer who, while acting in their official capacity, willfully neglects to perform their duty or willfully misconducts themselves to such a degree as to amount to an abuse of the public's trust.
- **Examples:**
 - Police hiding or altering evidence
 - CPS deliberately failing to disclose material
- **Penalty:** Up to life imprisonment (though sentences vary).

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Contempt of Court

- If CPS or police deliberately disobey disclosure orders or mislead the court, they can be cited for contempt.
- This is a direct sanction by the court itself.

Summary for CPS, DPS, and Police

- **Perverting the Course of Justice** → applies to *anyone*, including officials.
- **Misconduct in Public Office** → applies specifically to public servants abusing their role.
- **Contempt of Court** → applies when court orders are ignored or undermined.

So if CPS lawyers, DPS investigators, or police officers commit acts of sabotage in proceedings, they are not exempt — they can be charged under **PCJ** and/or **Misconduct in Public Office**, depending on the circumstances.

Would you like me to draft this into a **structured Section 9 statement-style format** (like a legal exhibit) so you can drop it straight into your bundle? That way it's framed in the same style as your other evidence notes.

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